

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXIII.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 1, 1910.

NO. 52

## MAKING MONEY FOR CO.

Board of Review Makes Large Raises in Properties of North Shore Residents

ONE RAISED \$100,000.00

One Case Where Big Highland Park Estate Has Never Been on the Tax Books at All

The Lake County Board of Review is certainly making things lively for the rich North Shore people and, when the work is completed, it is believed that over a million and a half dollars will have been added to the tax rolls of Lake county through the efforts of this year's board. The efforts are not unjust, they are merely a case where the board has insisted on getting people on the books who have never before paid just taxes, where many had assessments too small, etc.

The board made a discovery Wednesday morning that the big estate of Mary R. Turnley of Highland Park has never been on the tax books at all and the board thus put down the small item of \$130,000 full value for the estate.

Calvin Durand personally appeared before the board, after being summoned and after being questioned about his personal property, voluntarily allowed a raise to be made of \$60,000, making his total assessment at present, \$79,655.

The Frank J. Rumsey estate was raised considerably, the amount now fixed being \$75,000.

Edward L. Baker, through a representative, appeared before the board and the members finally decided that his assessment of \$8,721 was much too small and they changed it to \$108,567.

F. Herman Gade of Chicago and Lake Forest, sent a letter to the board stating that he would appear before its members today (Thursday) and ask to be relieved of his personal property assessment in Lake county on the grounds that he is no longer a citizen of the United States, having taken up citizenship in Norway, into whose diplomacy service he is soon to enter. The board will likely relieve him of his tax.

George H. Holt's case has not been disposed of. He is the millionaire who is fighting hard to avoid a tax in Lake county on the grounds that he is resident of California, that he lives in the Holt homestead at Lake Forest but does not own a cent's worth of personal property there.

The Chicago Telephone Company has been raised 100 per cent in many of the townships of the county and the total raise for this company will be surprisingly large.

The total raise on the ice houses owned by Chicago firms is \$129,500. The companies affected are making a hard protest and will likely fight the raise. The companies raised include these: Knickerbocker, Armour & Co., Morris & Co., F. G. Ruh, Oetting Bros., California Ice Co.

## CHILD'S LIFE SAVED BY CAT

Sleeping With Infant, Pet Received Death Thrust Delivered by Insane Father.

In the St. Oermal quarter of Paris a little French child owes its small life to the liking of the family cat for the little one's warm, soft bed. Owing to the animal's presence there beneath the blankets what would have been a ghastly tragedy became almost farcical.

The child's father, once a prosperous merchant, had come down through speculation, and by constant brooding over his reverses became insane. He imagined that Beelzebub had promised to direct him to a spot where hidden treasure was concealed, providing the blood of a child was offered to him. Accordingly one night recently Grenard, the person in question, rose from his bed and with a knife in his hand went towards his child's cradle.

The poor mother, struck dumb by horror, sprang out to stop him, but the maniac was too quick for her. Shrieking aloud in his frenzy, and availing his face, he stabbed twice at the sleeping child before the frantic mother could intervene, and, mad with distress, snatch her little one from the crimsoning bed clothes. Her joy was unutterable to find her baby unscathed. The child had been saved at the expense of its trespassing pet, which had received both thrusts.

## ANTHRAX AMONG CATTLE

Cattle Owners Demand State Investigation to Prevent Return of Epidemic

Three separate outbreaks of that deadly plague of cattle, anthrax, in the vicinity of Barrington, this county, at intervals in a period of twelve or fifteen years are the cause of some mighty serious thought among the farmers and the state veterinary officials, and occasional outbreaks near Palatine and even nearer, at Rockefeller, have intensified the feeling that the disease must be hunted down and rooted out forever from Lake county.

When the plague broke out at or near Lake Zurich a couple of years ago its cause was traced to hides brought into one of the villages.

This time there is no cause assigned for the outbreak, but a strenuous search is on to uncover a cause.

Cattle die within a very few hours after contracting the plague. After they are dead great drops of blackened blood ooze through the hide and stand out then flies come along or other cattle nose the bodies and the plague is spread.

It is claimed that vaccination of lymph treatment fail to make the cattle safe. All that is being done is to burn the bodies of the infected cattle and bury the remnants. Then too, the cattle even exposed to the disease are killed under direction of the state and the owners indemnified for their loss.

In connection with anti-anthrax treatment, there is a strong sentiment against the tuberculin test in western and south western Lake county and farmers are urging that the state indemnify them for cows killed by reason, they allege, of undergoing the tuberculin test.

They wish to be indemnified the same as for cattle exposed to anthrax.

## WEATHER REPORT FOR AUG.

Furnished by Joseph C. James, the Local Weather Manufacturer

Aug. 1910—Warmest day 95 on the 22. Coldest day 44 on the 26th. Average temperature 71.51. Total rainfall 3.61 inches.

Aug. 1909—Warmest day 95 on the 8th. Coldest day 45 on the 30th. Average temperature 72.51. Total rainfall 6.55 inches.

Aug. 1908—Warmest day 97 on the 3rd. Coldest day 43 on the 24th. Average temperature 69.47. Total rainfall 1.57 inches.

Aug. 1907—Warmest day 94 on the 11th. Coldest day 42 on the 22th. Average temperature 70.70. Total rainfall 3.96 inches.

Aug. 1906—Warmest day 94 on the 23rd. Coldest day 46 on the 28th. Average temperature 79.71. Total rainfall 5.33 inches.

Aug. 1905—Warmest day 93 on the 11th. Coldest day 53 on the 1st. Average temperature 69.85. Total rainfall 5.20 inches.

Aug. 1904—Warmest day 88 on the 21st. Coldest day 41 on the 28th. Average temperature 65.54. Total rainfall 2.20 inches.

Aug. 1903—Warmest day 90 on the 23rd. Coldest day 49 on the 7th. Average temperature 67.14. Total rainfall 8.95 inches.

Aug. 1901—Warmest day 91 on the 14th. Coldest day 49 on the 11. Average temperature 69.40. Total rainfall 1.31 inches.

## JAY GRAHAM MAKES RECORD IN HANDICAP

Shooting with unerring aim from the sixteen yard mark, Jay Graham, the amateur shooter of Long Lake, Ill., Tuesday broke 200 straight targets in the first days events of the first annual grand Chicago Gun club traps, One Hundred and Twenty-third street and Michigan avenue.

Although this is not a world's nor a state record, it is the best performance ever registered at the club's traps or at the old club at Watson's park, which was known as the Burnside club in the old days. W. D. Stannard of Chicago held the previous marks at both clubs by making a straight score of 168 on the new range and 348 at the old traps.

Setting the Standard. Mrs. Adams (of Boston)—Now, promise me, Waldo, that you will never write anything you would be ashamed to send to the Atlantic Monthly.—Lito.

Would Make It Valuable. A Frenchman says he can understand the language of chickens. This will be a valuable accomplishment if he can persuade a fowl to tell its age.

Happiness. Happiness is not that which you are doing, but the motive at the back of the doing.—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

## VOTERS IN 10TH DISTRICT AWAKENING-REBELLION AGAINST CANNONISM FOSS IS DOOMED

(From The Waukegan Gazette of August 25)

The Gazette considers this one of the most important political announcements it has ever made and it is only made after most careful consideration of the whole situation in the matter of Congress in this, the Tenth Congressional District, now represented in Congress by George Edmund Foss.

For many years, under previous management and under the present management, the Gazette has favored Mr. Foss for the congressional seat, believing he had done his best and had done about as well as any man could have done during those years.

But, Mr. Foss's alliance with the Cannon-Aldrich gang at Washington, his apparent opposition to the principles advocated by Theodore Roosevelt, etc., have caused the Gazette to change its views with reference to his candidacy and we believe that it is time that he be retired in the interests of the people not only of this district but of the whole United States, for the handwriting is on the wall—the men who stand for Cannon and Aldrich are being relegated because of their failure to look after the common people's interests.

Mr. Foss has always laid claim to being the man who was directly responsible for these two things:

1.—Waukegan's harbor.

2.—The location of the Naval Training Station at North Chicago.

He has always pointed to these things as the main reason why Lake county should be for him for all time to come.

But, as everybody knows who thinks and who remembers, Mr. Foss really had little to do about getting the big appropriations for the local harbor; everybody knows that, had it not been for the great power and influence which the E. J. & E. and the American Steel and Wire Company possessed through the big moneyed men who control them, Waukegan's harbor would likely not even now amount to much. It was these men who did the business which got the money for the harbor—Mr. Foss, as congressman (as any other man who held the job would have had to do) merely introduced the bills after these big men had made it certain that the measures would carry.

Therefore, where does Mr. Foss come in for the great credit there?

Secondly, in the matter of a Naval Training Station: If it had not been for Graeme Stewart and the Chicago Commercial Club, the station would not have been located at North Chicago.

Mr. Foss's part in this matter was merely secondary. Mr. Stewart, through his hard work (which ultimately brought on his death) went out and raised the money with which to purchase the site at North Chicago for the great school. The Commercial Club then presented the site to the government free and the government saw a good business deal

and located the school there. Mr. Foss naturally, as it was in his district, did what he could in the matter but the credit for locating the school must descend to Graeme Stewart and the Chicago Commercial Club, for, had the site not been given free, had not the big men comprising the club in Chicago rallied to the front and insisted on getting the school, the chances are it would now be in course of construction some place else.

But, Mr. Foss has not hesitated in declaring that HE made the harbor possible, that HE landed the Training Station, etc., and many have allowed him to continue making himself feel good by repeating the claims publicly.

However, the time has arrived when the facts must come out and the Gazette unhesitatingly calls attention to them now, believing that the voters of the district should know just where things stand in this, the opening of the hottest congressional fight in the Tenth District that has been on in many years.

Mr. George P. Englehard, Mr. Foss's opponent, is a strong anti-Cannon-Aldrich man, he stands for the people, he is a man high in esteem in Evanston and he is a fighter in the interests of the people. He has been the foremost man in civic work in Evanston, he is the man who fought to a standstill the famous Humphrey railroad bills at Springfield, he is the man who stands for Theodore Roosevelt and his ideas; Mr. Englehard is progressive and does not boast of many important things he has done for Evanston yet residents there declare he is one of the city's most valuable and highly esteemed residents.

Lake county is dead against Cannon and all that it means, and Mr. Foss made a serious mistake when he allowed himself to become so prominent in his support of Joe and his tactics. He showed a very weak spot in that regard but showed where his heart lies. The independence of his brother Eugene, in Congress, has brought attention to the Foss family in the east and detracted from the work of the family in the west, in fact, Eugene has overshadowed George because he has come out for progressive ideas and against Cannonism, etc., while George has fused along believing that the people would continue to stand for him just because he was George Edmund Foss and not for anything he has done.

The people have started thinking however, in this district as well as all over the land and the awakening will mean that there will be a new man in Congress in the Tenth this year.

You hear it all over the county of Lake, you hear the discussion against Mr. Foss and the way he has managed things. The time for a reckoning is here.

The people have awakened!

## SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS ELECT OFFICERS

The annual soldiers' and sailors' reunion closed a toodays' session at Grayslake last Thursday and all who attended were unanimous in declaring it held was one of the most successful ever in the county. The annual election of officers took place Thursday noon, the officers elected being as follows:

President—T. A. Reynolds, Grayslake.

First Vice President—Henry Davis, Wauconda.

Second Vice President—Dr. E. H. Ames, Antioch.

Third Vice President—Charles Gilbert, Chicago.

Secretary—H. W. Hall, Waukegan. Treasurer—P. L. Austin, Waukegan. Executive Board—John E. Ballard, Libertyville; Andrew White, Grayslake; George Prouty, Judson A. Mason, Chicago; Joseph Palmer, Waukegan.

Wall From a Pessimist. "It must be hard to have a bunch of relatives to buy presents for," says the Philosopher of Folly. "How do people think up so many cheap things that look expensive?"

If You Want to Be Liked. Don't when people say nice things to you, think that they must necessarily be insincere. It is quite as natural for some persons to put their nice thoughts about you into words as it is for them to breathe.—Homo Chat.

## INJURIES INFLECTED BY TRAIN PROVE FATAL

Joseph Haeck died Wednesday morning at his home at Libertyville as the result of injuries sustained about five o'clock Tuesday afternoon when he was struck by a train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad at Rondout.

Haeck was in company with his sister driving along the road when they came to the Rondout crossing and not perceiving the approach of the train drove upon the track ahead of it, and although both were thrown violently to the ground the sister was uninjured.

At first it was not thought that Haeck was badly injured and he was taken to his home at Libertyville. But later it developed that he had received internal injuries of a serious nature and his death occurred Wednesday morning.

In Card Table Parlane. "He placed his hand and fortune at my disposal," said Miss Bridgeton. "Signifylog, I suppose," replied Miss Cnyone, "that he is willing to play 'dummy' for the rest of his life."

School of Wisdom. Shall we not learn wisdom as we look back upon the irrevocable past, and make sure that in the future we shall not permit the doors of opportunity to shut in our faces.—Miller.

Making Conversation. He (after embarrassing silence)—Don't you think the floor is unusually flat to-night?—Williams Purple Cow.

## OLD COUPLE TO REMARRY

Unique Romance Between McHenry Piar to Reach Climax Thursday

Wedded in their youth, subsequently separated by divorce and reunited in second marriage in ripe old age is the story of a romance which will be culminated Thursday by Wilbur Bassett and Mrs. Jennie Haeger, well known residents of McHenry and both nearly seventy years of age.

The marriage will be celebrated at Aurora. They were divorced twenty years ago.

Since their divorce each of the principals in this unusual romance has been married. Mrs. Haeger's second husband died seven years ago. Bassett's second wife died four months ago. Then the fires of the first love were again kindled, and the second wedding was begun by Bassett.

Bassett has been living on the old farm west of McHenry. Since her husband's death Mrs. Haeger has had a dressmaking shop in McHenry. The couple had two children. A son, Eber, is a rural mail carrier out of McHenry. A daughter is dead but she was survived by a daughter, Elsie Jeffries, and who has been doing the housework for her grandfather Bassett since the death of his second wife four months ago. And this granddaughter was the connecting link in the pretty little romance which has become woven about the sunset stage of the lives of the elderly couple.

Miss Jeffries was a constant reminder for Bassett of the old bond between himself and the love of his youth. Bassett began to stop his milk wagon in front of the dressmaking shop when he made his morning trip to McHenry. The wedding was on. They forgot the troubles which had separated them and were willing to join hands again for the final lap of the journey through life.

## MISS CULVER TAYS TAXES ON \$532,930

Timothy Howe, assessor for Shields township, takes strong exception to the statement that J. Ogden Armour is the biggest tax payer in Lake county. He produces figures to show that Miss Helen Culver, who lives just outside the city of Lake Forest, pays taxes on more than \$100,000 more property than Mr. Armour.

The total amount of property upon which Mr. Armour pays taxes in Lake county is \$438,848. Miss Culver pays taxes upon \$535,930 worth of property, according to Mr. Howe. This is \$102,082 more property than that paid upon by Mr. Armour. On the amount of property assessed up on, \$511,800 worth of Miss Culver's property is personal.

## RELIEF FOR AGED HORSES

Effective Efforts Put Forth to Secure Humane Treatment for Friend of Man.

One of the pleasant signs of the times is the growing disposition, manifested in many quarters and through many agencies to remember the ancient proverb, that "a merciful man will be merciful to his beast."

In its efforts to bring about the humane disposal of old or worn-out horses the Boston work horse parade association is meeting with encouraging success, the Globe of that city says, and it believes that disabled or superannuated horses, especially such as are owned by large concerns and by city governments, ought not to be sold.

Many of the larger corporations never sell an old or worn-out horse; others see that they fall into good hands when they dispose of them, and still others graduate their horses to lighter work as equine old age comes on.

There is an old-age pension scheme for horses in this country. In several European countries the problem is solved by eating the horse—a more compassionate method of treating him than keeping him at work until he drops in his tracks. "I that am cruel am yet merciful," said the Moor of Venice.

## Card of Thanks

We wish to express our thanks to those who so kindly assisted us during the sickness and death of our husband and father, also to those who contributed flowers.

Mrs. M. Sheehan and family.

Babies. Babies is like human beings, they can't always be counted on to do the best they know.—From "Miss Solina Luo."

Herod's Apt Remark. "There is a motion before the house," quoth Herod, as Salome unfurled the filmy draperies.—Williams Collette Purple Cow

## INJURY RESULT IN DEATH

William Gallagher Dies From Effects of Shot From Gun in Hands of Neighbor

## MEYERS IS UNDER ARREST

Driven to Desperation by Pranks of the Gang Meyers Fires Shot Into Crowd With Fatal Result

William Gallagher, a young man living at Wadsworth, died at the Jene McAllister hospital in Waukegan at seven o'clock Monday morning, from the effects of a bullet wound in his neck said to have been inflicted by a gun in the hands of Matt Meyers on the evening of August 20, when the victim with several friends went to the Meyers home to chivari him for a wedding that had taken place six months previous.

It will be remembered that Meyers is the man who objected so strenuously when several young men living in the neighborhood went to his home to chivari him when he was married six months ago. Since that time it is said that the "boys" have lost no chance to tease him about the affair, and it is said they would often stop him on the street and offer their congratulations.

On the night on which the shooting occurred several young men one of whom was Gallagher, went to the Meyers home, a mile west of Wadsworth and again started to chivari him. According to statements Meyers rushed from the house, discharging his gun as he reached the road. The bullet took effect in Gallagher's neck.

He was taken home at once and Dr. Jamieson of Millburn was summoned. He stated upon examination that the bullet had narrowly missed the jugular vein and had lodged in the rear of the skull. When interviewed Dr. Jamieson expressed the opinion that Gallagher would recover in case blood poison did not develop.

Gallagher grew worse, however, and was removed to the McAllister hospital in Waukegan where his death occurred Monday morning.

Tuesday morning Meyer was taken before Justice Welch on the charge of murder sworn out by State's attorney Dady and the case was continued to Thursday. As the charge of murder is not bailable Meyer was lodged in the county jail. He is much cut up over the affair and regrets that accident or no accident he is in an way responsible for Gallagher's death.

Friends of Meyer declare that he will never be convicted. They claim that this is a case where a man was harassed and driven to desperation and that any thing that he may have done was justifiable because of a concerted effort to put him out of business and even drive him mad. However friends of Gallagher assert that the shooting was not justified and it now remains for the courts and the coroner's jury to decide what they think about the matter.

Here are a few of the things that Meyer and his friends point out as arguments for his side of what promises to develop the worst feud that that vicinity has seen in years.

One—On his wedding night only the intercession of Father Foley is said to have saved him from a lynching scare. The priest insisted that the crowd leave Meyer alone, which they finally did after destroying much of his fencing, garden, etc.

Two—The gang took him to the barn on the night of his wedding and sticking his head in the barn door closed it enough to hold him as in a pillory of old. Three—While at a neighbor's one evening the gang took the nuts off the wheels of the buggy and allowed him to meet with a bad accident when he started home.

Four—Recently the gang again got together and going to a neighbor's where Meyer was working they took him to the river bank, tied a rope around his waist and let him down, drawing him back just as he thought that he was going to drown.

Five—The trouble grew to such an extent that through the efforts of the gang Meyer was unable to procure help for threshing. The neighbors refusing to help for word had been passed that if anybody helped him this year, they in turn would not be given help next year. Thus, it is claimed, things went on until Meyer driven to desperation, met the gang with a revolver, fearing that his own life was in danger.



## ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

## The Courage of Captain Plum

By  
JAMES  
OLIVER  
CURWOOD

Illustrations by Magnus G. Kettner

(Copyright 1909 by Dobbs-Merrill Co.)

## SYNOPSIS.

Captain Nathaniel Plum of the sloop Typhoon, lands secretly on Beaver Island, Lake Michigan, stronghold of the Mormons. Obadiah Price, an eccentric old man and counselor of the Mormons, who has been spying on him, suddenly confronts him and tells him he is expected. Plum insists he has got the wrong man. Price ignores his protestations and bargains for the ammunition on board the sloop. He binds Nat by a solemn oath to deliver a package to Franklin Pierce, president of the United States. He agrees to show Plum the Mormon town, St. James. Plum sees the frightened face of a young woman in the darkness near Price's cabin. She disappears, leaving an odor of lilacs. It develops that Plum's visit to Beaver Island is to demand redemption from the king, Strang, for the looting of his ship some time previously by men whom he suspected of being Mormons. Burke, his mate, has been left in charge of the sloop with orders to bombard St. James if the captain does not return within a certain time.

## CHAPTER II—Continued.

"Nat, you've got good red blood in you," he cried, whirling about. "Dye suppose you can hate as well as love?" "Lord deliver us!" exclaimed the astonished Captain Plum. "Hate—love—what the—?" "Yes, hate," repeated the old man with fierce emphasis, "so close that his breath struck Nathaniel's face. 'You can love a pretty face—and you can hate. I know you can, if you could.' I would send you back to your sloop with the package tonight. But as it is, I am going to relieve you of your oath. Yes, Nat, I give you back your oath—for a time."

Nathaniel stepped a pace back and put his hands on his pockets as if to protect the gold there. "You mean that you want to call off your bargain?" he asked. "The counselor rubbed his hands until the friction of them sent a shiver up Nathaniel's back. 'Not that, Nat—O, no, not that! The bargain is good. The gold is yours. You must deliver the package. But you need not do it immediately. Understand? I am lonely back there in my shack. I want company. You must stay with me a week. Eh? Lilacs and pretty faces, Nat! Ho, ho!—You will stay a week, won't you, Nat?'"

He spoke so rapidly and his face underwent so many changes, now betraying the keenest excitement, now wrinkled in an ogreish, bantering grin, now almost pleading in its earnestness, that Nathaniel knew not what to make of him. He looked into the beady eyes, sparkling with passion, and the ent-like glitter of them set his blood tingling. What strange adventure was this old man dragging him into? What were the motives, the reasoning, the plot that lay behind this mysterious creature's apparent faith in him? He tried to answer these things in the passing of a moment before he replied. The counselor saw his hesitancy and smiled.

"I will show you many things of interest, Nat," he said. "I will show you just one tonight. Then you will make up your mind, eh? You need not tell me until then."

He took the lead again and this time struck straight down for the town. They passed a number of houses built of logs and Nathaniel caught narrow gleams of light from between closed curtains. In one of these houses he heard the crying of children, and with a return of his grisly humor Obadiah Price prodded him in the ribs and said:

"Good old Israel Laeng lives there—two wives, one old, one young—11 children. The Kingdom of Heaven is open to him! And from a second he heard the sound of an organ, and from still a third there came the laughter and chatter of several feminine voices, and again Obadiah reached out and prodded Nathaniel in the ribs. There was one great, gloomy, long-built place which they passed, without a ray of light to give it life, and the counselor said: 'Three widows there, Nat—eight like cats and dogs. Poor Job killed himself.' They avoided the more thickly populated part of the settlement and approached a few people, which seemed to please the counselor. Once they overtook and passed a group of women, clad in short skirts and loose waists and with their hair hanging in braids down their backs. For a third time Obadiah nudged Captain Plum:

"It is the king's pleasure that all women wear skirts that come just below the knee," he whispered. "Some of them won't do it and he's wondering how to punish them. Tomorrow there's going to be two public whippings. One of the victims is a man who said that if he was a woman he'd be before he put on knee skirts. After he's whipped he is going to be made to wear 'em. By Urim and Thummim, isn't that choler, Nat?"



Breathlessly He Looked In.

been repugnant to him. But at present something seemed to tell him that it was not to satisfy his curiosity alone that Obadiah Price had given him this opportunity. Would a look through that little window explain some of the mysteries of the night?

There came a low whisper in his ear. "Do you smell lilacs, Nat? Eh?" The counselor was grinning at him. There was a suggestive gleam in his eyes. He rubbed his hands almost fiercely.

In another instant Captain Plum had stepped upon the object beneath the window and parted the leaves. Breathlessly he looked in. A strange scene met his eyes. He was looking into a vast room, illuminated by a huge hanging lamp suspended almost on a level with his head. Under this lamp there was a long table and at the table sat seven women and one man. The man was at the end nearest the window and all that Nat could see was the back of his head and shoulders. But the women were in full view, three on each side of the table and one at the far end. He guessed the man to be Strang, but he stared at the women and as his eyes traveled back to the one facing him at the end of the table he could scarcely repress the exclamation of surprise that rose to his lips. It was the girl whom he had encountered at the counselor's cabin. She was leaning forward as if in an agony of suspense, her eyes on the king, her lips parted, her hands clutching at a great book which lay open before her. Her cheeks were flushed with excitement. And even as he looked Captain Plum saw her head fall suddenly forward upon the table, encircled by her arms. The heavy braid of her hair, partly undone, glistened like red gold in the lamplight. Her slender body was convulsed with sobs. The woman nearest her reached over and laid a caressing hand on the bowed head, but drew it quickly away as if at a sharp command.

In his eagerness Nathaniel thrust his face through the foliage until his nose touched the glass. When the girl lifted her head she straightened back in her chair—and saw him. There came a sudden white fear in her face, a parting of the lips as if she were on the point of crying out, and then, before the others had seen, she looked again at Strang. She had discovered him and yet she had not

revealed her discovery! Nathaniel could have shouted for joy. She had seen him, had recognized him! And because she had not cried out she wanted him! He drew his pistol signalled for him, if she called him, from its holster and waited. If she would burst the window. The girl was talking now and as she talked she lifted her eyes. Nathaniel pressed his face close against the window, and smiled. That would let her know he was a friend. She seemed to answer him with a little nod and he fancied that her eyes gleamed with a mute appeal for his assistance. But only for an instant, and then they turned again to the king. Not until that moment did Nathaniel notice upon her bosom a bunch of crumpled lilacs.

From below the iron grip of the counselor dragged him down. "That's enough," he whispered. "That's enough—for tonight." He saw the pistol in Nathaniel's hand and gave a sudden breathless cry.

"Nat—Nat—"

He caught Captain Plum's free hand in his.

"Tell me this, Obadiah Price," whispered the master of the Typhoon, "who is she?"

The counselor stood on tiptoe to answer.

"They are the wives of Strang, Nat!"

"But the other?" demanded Nathaniel. The other—

"O, to be sure, to be sure," chuckled Obadiah. "The girl of the lilacs, eh? Why, she's the seventh wife, Nat—that's all, the seventh wife!"

## CHAPTER III.

## The Warning.

So quickly that Obadiah Price might not have counted ten before it had come and gone the significance of his new situation flashed upon Captain Plum as he stood under the king's window. His plans had changed since leaving ship but now he realized that he had become hopelessly involved. He had intended that Obadiah should show him where Strang was to be found, and that later, when ostensibly returning to his vessel, he would visit the prophet in his home. Whatever the interview brought forth he would still be in a position to deliver the counselor's package. Even an hour's bombardment of St. James would not interfere with the fulfillment of his oath. But those few minutes at the king's window had been fatal to the scheme he had built. The girl had seen him. She had not betrayed his presence. She had called to him with her eyes—he would have staked his life on that. What did it all mean? He turned to Obadiah. The old man was grinning and twisting his hands nervously. He seemed half afraid, cringing, as if fearing a blow. The sight of him set Nathaniel's blood afire. His white face seemed to verify the terrible thought that had leaped into his brain. Suddenly he heard a faint cry—a woman's voice—and in an instant he was back at the window. The girl had risen to her feet and stood facing him. This time, as her eyes met his own, he saw in them a flashing warning, and he obeyed it as if she had spoken to him. As he dropped silently back to the ground the counselor came close to his side.

"That's enough for tonight, Nat," he whispered.

He made as if to slip away but Nathaniel detained him with an emphatic hand.

"Not yet, dad! I'd like to have a word with this—"

"With Strang's wife," chuckled Obadiah. "Ho, ho, ho, Nat, you're a rascal!" The old man's face was mapped with wrinkles, his eyes gleamed with joyous approbation. "You shall, Nat, you shall! You love a pretty face, eh? You shall meet Mrs. Strang, Nat, and you shall make love to her if you wish. I swear that, too. But not tonight, Nat—not tonight."

He stood a pace away and rubbed his hands.

"There will be no chance tonight, Nat—but tomorrow night, or the next, O, I promise you shall meet her, and make love to her, Nat! Ho, if Strang knew, if Strang only knew!"

There was something so slyly glancing in the counselor's attitude, in his face, in the hot glow of his eyes, that for a moment Nathaniel's involuntary liking for the little old man before him turned to abhorrence. The passion, the triumph of the man, convinced him where words had failed. The girl was Strang's wife. His last doubt was dispelled. And because she was Strang's wife Obadiah hated the Mormon prophet. The counselor had spoken with fateful assurance—that he should meet her, that he should make love to her. It was an assurance that made him shudder. As he followed in silence out of the gloom of the town he strove, but in vain, to find whether she had lurked to him in its misery—whether there had been a flash of something besides terror, besides prayerful entreaty, in the lovely eyes that had met his own. Obadiah spoke no word to break in on his thoughts. Now and then the old man's insane chucklings floated softly to Nathaniel's ears, and when at last they came to the cabin in the forest he broke into a low laugh that echoed weirdly in the great black room which they entered. He lighted another candle and approached a ladder which led through a trap in the ceiling. Without a word he mounted this ladder, and Nathaniel followed him, finding himself a moment later in a small low room furnished with a bed. The counselor placed his candle on a table close beside it and rubbed his hands until it seemed they must burn.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Cross eyes and warts on noses are to be abolished in the army.

## CRIPPEN IN COURT

AMERICAN DENTIST AND GIRL COMPANION ARE JOINTLY CHARGED WITH MURDER.

SHOWS BODY IS IDENTIFIED

British Police Have New Evidence Concerning Victim, Supposedly the Doctor's Wife—Arrangement Mere Formality.

London, Eng.—Hawley H. Crippen, the American dentist, and Ethel Clare Leneve, his typist, were Monday accused of the murder of Bella Elmore, the former's wife, in the formal charge read to them in the Bow street police court.

The woman was charged also with harboring and maintaining Crippen after the crime and while knowing that he committed it.

Inspector Dew, who brought the prisoners back from Canada, introduced evidence to show that Crippen contemplated suicide while at sea following his flight from this country. Crippen was quoted as declaring that his companion knew nothing of the trouble in which he was involved.

The fact that both were accused of the murder of the actress-wife of the doctor leads to the supposition that the mutilated body has been identified to the satisfaction of the authorities. It also suggests that the police believe they have further evidence concerning the Leneve woman's connection with the tragedy than they have made known.

Dew closed his testimony by repeating a conversation with Crippen when the latter was exercising on the deck of the steamer Merganser on the return to Liverpool August 24. Crippen said: "I want to ask a favor of you, but I will leave it until Friday." Friday was the day preceding the arrival of the vessel at Liverpool. The inspector replied: "As well now as Friday," Crippen then said:

"When you took me off the ship at Quebec I did not see Miss Leneve. I do not know how things will go. They may go all right; they may go all wrong. I may never see her again and I want to ask you to let me see her. I won't speak to her. She has been my only comfort for the last three years." Crippen was allowed to see his companion in trouble.

After the introduction of evidence against the accused persons they were remanded until September 6, without having pleaded.

## DEATH THREAT IN I. C. CASE

Director of Ostermann Company Testifies to Intimidation to Prevent Car Fraud Narrative.

Chicago.—Hearing of the case against Frank B. Harriman, Charles L. Ewing and John M. Taylor, former Illinois Central officials charged with defrauding the company through car repairs, was resumed in Judge Bruggermeyer's court Monday.

Theophile Reuther, formerly a director of the Ostermann Manufacturing company, the first witness, testified that Henry C. Ostermann, president of the Ostermann company, had threatened to kill him if he (Reuther) told the story of the defrauding of the Illinois Central out of \$1,000,000 through car repairs.

Reuther told of Ostermann's alleged attack upon him in the offices of the company when he threatened to disclose the gigantic steal.

Threats of valuable records, confessions, letters, reports and other proofs of frauds, together with copies of important documents, came to light in the graft war as a rival to the \$1,500,000 car-repair swindle.

Documents containing evidence against the men higher up in the huge fraud disappeared from the Illinois Central offices two months ago simultaneously with the discharge of an employee in the railroad's secret-service department.

Rev. F. C. Bingley, an evangelist, who preaches to the women of the levee, turned the bulk of the missing papers over to Murry Nelson, Jr., chief counsel for the Illinois Central, Monday.

"My boys, Paul, eleven years old, and Cecil, nine years old, found the papers floating in the river," said the evangelist.

## Col. Roosevelt is Snubbed.

Milwaukee.—In view of the unscholarly and unfair position that Mr. Roosevelt has taken in the discussion of the movement for which I have spent all my spare time and energy, it is impossible for me to accept the intended honor. This is a portion of a letter of Mayor Emil Soldel, Socialist, to Frank Cannon, chairman of the Milwaukee Press club reception committee, in which the mayor declines to serve on the reception committee on the occasion of the visit of Colonel Roosevelt, who will be the guest of the Press club next week.

## Easy Victory for Ten Eyck.

Saratoga, N. Y.—In a scuffling race which proved that professional oarsmen over sixty years old can "come back," James A. Ten Eyck, coach of the Syracuse university crew, Monday easily defeated James H. Riley of this village over a three-mile course.

## Whirlpool Railway Burns.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—The whirlpool inclined railway, the last of the inclines on the American side of the Niagara gorge, was destroyed by fire early Monday.

## ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WELL?

The kidney secretions tell if disease is lurking in the system. Too frequent or scanty urination, discolored urine, lack of control at night indicate that the kidneys are disordered. Donan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

S. E. Vaughan, 601 D. South St., Iola, Kan., says: "Diabetes had not in and I expected to live but a short time. Kidney secretions were milky white and back pains were terrible. I was so dizzy my wife had to lead me. After trying everything else, I began with Donan's Kidney Pills and was soon helped. Continued use cured me."

Remember the name—Donan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A seal on a watch fob may be worth two on an iceberg.

Many who used to smoke 10c cigars now buy Lewis' Single Binder straight 6c.

Some men are self-made and some others are wife-made.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

We are sent into the world to make it better and happier, and in proportion as we do so we make ourselves both.—Dr. Galt.

Not to Overdo It. Lily—I've given to a s'prise party tonight, Miss Sally. Miss Sally—What will you take for a present? Lily—Well, we didn't callate on takin' no present. You see, we don't want to s'prise 'em too much.

His Pet. Barker—Think I'll try to sell old Stuffed some pet dogs. Barker—Useless job. All he thinks about is eating. Barker—Hasn't any four-legged friends, eh? Barker—Only one, and that's the dining room table.

## ALMOST WORN OUT.

Ellis Fontaine—Is your knee tired, dear? Slennerly—It must be, pet; it's gone to sleep.

There Are Reasons Why so many people have ready-at-hand a package of

## Post Toasties

The DISTINCTIVE FLAVOUR delights the palate.

The quick, easy serving right from the package—requiring only the addition of cream or good milk is an important consideration when breakfast must be ready "on time."

The sweet, crisp food is universally liked by children, and is a great help to the youngsters something wholesome that they relish.

The economical feature appeals to everyone—particularly those who wish to keep living expenses within a limit.

Post Toasties are especially pleasing served with fresh sliced peaches.

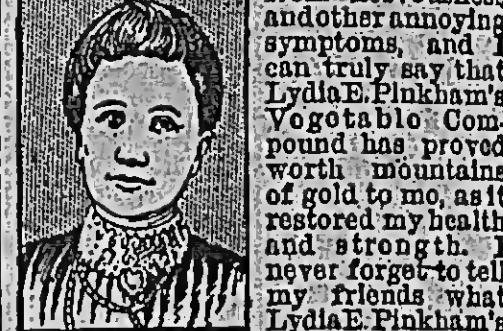
"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.

## WORTH MOUNTAINS OF GOLD

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay.

Grantville, Vt.—"I was passing through the change of life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—Mrs. CHAS. BARCLAY, R. F. D., Grantville, Vt.



Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—Mrs. CHAS. BARCLAY, R. F. D., Grantville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, local weaknesses, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life. It costs but little to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and as Mrs. Barclay says, it is "worth mountains of gold" to suffering women.

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine. Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

## PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delicious antiseptic solution. Possessing extraordinary cleaning, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c a large box at druggists or by mail. THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

## WE PAY YOUR RAILROAD FARE BOTH WAYS TO FLORIDA

Or we will pay two fares from your home to Florida one way. If you buy land in the Florida Homestead Company's Celery Farms tract you do this for you. Celery Farms Colony is a few miles from Sanford, in the richest truck gardening section of Florida. One thousand 10-acre tracts now only on sale at \$25 an acre, \$12.50 an acre down and \$12.50 per acre per month until paid. When the 1000 tracts are sold there will be no other land at this price on Celery Farms. Lake and river transportation, best market, best soil, best climate, fish and game plentiful. Write today for copy of Florida Home Herald.

The Florida Homestead Company 400 Atlantic National Bank Building Jacksonville, Florida

## The difference remember this—

It may save your life. Cathartics, bird shot and cannon ball pills—tea spoon doses of cathartic medicines all depend on irritation of the bowels until they sweat enough to move. Cathartics strengthen the bowel muscles so they creep and crawl naturally. This natural cure can only be had by using Cathartics can you get it quickly and naturally.

Cathartics—100 box—week's treatment. All druggists. Druggist in the world—million boxes a month.

## Farm Wanted--Special

I have been manufacturing very profitable standard goods, used extensively in homes, business stores, banks, factories, railroads, schools, farmhouses, barns, mines, etc., for 12 years, still increasing. Netted \$15,000 last year. Failing health compels me to lead a rural life. Will exchange for one or two good farms or half interest to good man for one good farm, at once. Describe fully your property with price. Address S. M. Booth, 230 W. Huron St., 5th Floor, Chicago

## Everywhere in the world men shave with the

known the WORLD OVER

## SOILED DRESSES

Washes, Gents' Suits, Carpets, Portieres, Plumes, etc. Sent to Johnson & Son, 218 N. Dearborn St., Chicago. The largest Cleaning and Dyeing Establishment in West and you will not get them back cleaned or dyed and pressed satisfactory. Write for prices.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Would You Marry? Send for our list of good chances. We are reliable. MELLER CO., Box 838, Springfield, Mass.

PROFITABLE RETIRED EMPLOYMENT for women representing World's Finest Products at Home. Teachers, domestic workers, housewives, etc. Box 810, Jacksonville, Illinois.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water





**GEORGE P. ENGELHARD**

Candidate for Republican Nomination for

## Congressman

Tenth Congressional District

### "Krapen," a Great Oxen Race.

Near the eastern end of Java is a small island called Madura, the inhabitants of which are much addicted to sport. Every year they hold a great race for oxen known as the "Krapen," which is looked forward to with the utmost excitement, as a great deal of money changes hands over the result. The oxen used are magnificent beasts, and are decorated in a very striking fashion.

The driver sits on a small piece of plank, and from this lowly and precarious position guides and encourages his steeds. At a given signal the great brutes leap forward, racing for all they are worth, and traveling a good deal faster than one would expect. The victorious driver receives a handsome sum of money, and huge crowds always assemble to witness the contest.—Wide World Magazine.

### Faded Flowers.

We would have no pity for the flowers that have faded had we never known the fragrance of their bloom.—Arthur Lewis.

### Barber Establishes Record.

A barber of Broken Hill, in Australia, in an attempt to lower the world's record, shaved 18 men in 14 minutes and 3 seconds, an average of 46 seconds each. The report doesn't say what his victims thought of the operation.

### A Mere Assertion.

H. Fly is the name of a New York publisher. It is said that one of the novels which he has recently brought out is a good book for an idle hour on a screened-in porch.

### A Softened Expression.

"Father," said the small boy, "what is a euphemism?" "It is something, my son, that enables a man to say he is a free lance instead of admitting that he is out of a job."

### National Dinner.

There may be some disagreements as to what constitutes our national dish, but there will be substantial accord as to who are our national sinners.—Charleston News and Courier.

### BOLD ENEMY OF THE SNAKE

Unfortunately the Mongoose Also Has an Insatiable Appetite for Chicken.

"The loneliest living creature in the United States is undoubtedly the mongoose," was the statement made by Raymond L. Ditmars, curator of reptiles at the New York Zoological park. "I believe that there are but two or three of the beasts in this country. Mongoose society, you might say, is not teeming with members. A mongoose is a pink-eyed, flexible-skulled little animal, with a shape like a debutante. He is chiefly white, that is to say, he is partial to snakes, as a steady diet, or, perhaps, it might be better to say a wiggle or unsteady diet. He was one of the original 'catch-em-alive-Os.' A mongoose will kill almost any sort of an ordinary sized snake. Most of the constrictor family, however, are too big for him. But he's a bold mite of a furry creature and will tackle almost anything in the serpent line. A mongoose is easily domesticated and in many respects is quite as pleasing a pet as a cat or dog.

The single objection to him is the fact that if he can't have his snakes he is only too willing to sublet on chicken. As a raider of henroosts a Maryland dandy is a neophyte compared with a mongoose. That is the reason there are so few of him in this country. There is a federal law which absolutely forbids the importation of a mongoose. It really is a pity that this most companionable of animals has to be barred from the country. But you simply couldn't keep a chicken in the same neighborhood with a mongoose. Safeguard the henhouses as you might. A mongoose can go any place he chooses. If there isn't a hole, he imagines one and crawls through it. I'd like to keep one in the Bronx reptile house, but I couldn't afford to. He'd dine on my rarest snakes, despite anything I could do to prevent him."

### American Folk Songs.

As yet no ballad writer has appeared in America that rivals Kipling or the pre-eminent Burns. The product we have from professed ballad singers is mediocre. But out in the far corners of the land there are to be found the folk songs, true ballads whose authorship will never be known. The course of our national development and the inherent romance of the fields and forests has inspired the ordinary lyre to lofty songs. And the life of isolated communities, and the common if narrow interests of the men who work in gangs under all sorts of dangers have given rise to song and chant that savor of the blood. The English department of Harvard university has commissioned John A. Lomax, associate professor in College Station, Tex., under the Sheldon fellowship, to gather together these typical ballads. The old cowboy ditties, the chanteys of the coast, the gulf and the great lakes are what he wants. There are also army songs, lumberjack chants, the songs of voyageur, miner and vagabond. All these serve to characterize vividly life that is passing. And it may be that thorough search will reveal unsuspected treasures.

### Cradle Unfashionable.

Cradles are going out; children are not wearing them any more. People tell us that rocking is unhygienic; babies, according to modern ideas, should go to sleep naturally in a stationary germproof bed, with antiseptic pillows and a sanitized rattle. Sentiment may save the cradle for a little while, but sooner or later it will go to the dusty attic along with the haircloth sofa. Maybe the infant of tomorrow will bear up somehow under these accumulated misfortunes, will struggle along somehow to maturity, but what about the artists, the poets, the song writers. What a world of sentiment and melody has been woven around the theme of the mother and the gently rocking cradle. What kind of song will the poor poet of the future be able to make about an annealed iron crib with brass trimmings!—Success Magazine.

### The Cultured Old Man.

"Algernon is very interesting," said the stock broker's daughter. "What does he talk about?" inquired her father. "Why, he's ever so well posted in Shakespearean questions," was the answer. "Young woman," said the financier, sternly, "don't let him deceive you. Don't you let him make sport of your ignorance. There isn't any such stock on the market. I ought to know, for I've been on the exchange long enough."

### Still Preaching at Ninety-One.

Rev. L. C. Wood recently entered upon his ninety-second year. For more than 64 years he has been vicar of Singleton, near Blackpool. He is in excellent health, works hard in the parish, preaches regularly and presides at various agricultural meetings of associations with which he is connected. He attends all the public functions in the Blackpool district, and a few days ago he delivered a panegyric on the late King Edward which revealed great mental as well as physical vigor.—London Standard.

### An Elaborate Summer Home.

"Have they a nice summer cottage?" "Splendid. It actually has wooden partitions between the bedrooms instead of curtains."—Detroit Free Press.

### QUITE A SNAP FOR HUBBY

How Mean Man Turned to His Own Account the Latest Fad of His Wife.

"My wife has a new fad," announced the fat man with the red face as he cheerfully stirred the mixture before him with a long straw. "She is going in for hypnotism now, and it has my sincere and emphatic indorsement. She has taken 12 lessons from a noted professor of the art, and is now a full-fledged hypnotist—or thinks she is, which amounts to the same thing so far as she is concerned. I was her first subject, and her success with me not only pleased her, but astonished her as well. At first I rebelled at being experimented with, thinking it all tommyrot; but I am now prepared to indorse the art to its full extent. She got me in a chair and then, standing in front of me, went through a lot of monkey shlaes before my face with her hands. 'Now,' she said sternly, 'you cannot leave your chair.'"

"Just to see what her game was I gave her the glassy eye and made no move. Her eyes gleamed with triumph, and then she said:

"Listen to me. You must no longer drink intoxicating liquor. If you do it will make you sick. You will find it impossible to lift a glass of the vile stuff to your lips. You cannot even enter a place where it is sold."

"Then she brought me out of the trance by snapping her fingers and announced that her experiment was a complete success.

"Now the dear woman remains at home serenely confident that I am no longer able to indulge in the flowing bowl, and my plea of being detained late at the office goes without question. Let's have another."

### Unfamiliar Commodities.

"Any book in particular, sir?" asked the young woman in charge of the book counter of a large department store. "This is a great novel."

"Not for me," said the old gentleman, who had been examining the stock in trade with an air of considerable disapproval. "I'm looking for something less ephemeral. Where do you keep the classics, young woman? Lamb's 'Tales,' for example?"

The young woman looked puzzled. "Beacon," said the old man. "Crabbe? Fox?"

"I don't know about fox," said the young woman, "but I guess what you must be looking for is the provision department."—Youth's Companion.

### The Philosopher of Folly.

"A woman," says the Philosopher of Folly, "will wait an hour for a slow clerk to bring her three cents change, while just outside the shop the taxicab is registering about a cent a minute."

### The Mystery Solved.

Houston—How do you suppose the Egyptians managed to get the pyramids where they are? Mulberry—Oh, their congressmen probably franked them.—Puck.

### Slightly Misquoted.

She—"Did I understand you to say that your friend, Mr. Needs, was thirsting for glory?" He—"Well, not exactly. I said he had a glorious throat."—Tit-Bits.

## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT TO THOSE WHO ARE THINKING OF BUYING PIANOS

You can now buy here in your own town a piano as good as any you can find if you come to Chicago.

We have brought to Antioch a stock of the finest instruments produced in the great factories of The Cable Company at Chicago and St. Charles—the same pianos that we sell in our store at Chicago.

Every one of these instruments was made by the most highly skilled workmen, has been thoroughly tested and is ready for delivery.

We want you to see these instruments before you buy because you will find them the best that can be purchased for the money. The productions of The Cable Company are used in all parts of the civilized world and have attained the highest reputation among leading musicians.

These pianos are on exhibition at

### WILLIAM KEULMAN'S JEWELRY STORE

and you are cordially invited to call there at any time and thoroughly examine them. Mr. Keulman and Mr. T. P. Durkin, our special representative, will be glad to show you these pianos and to demonstrate their musical qualities.

We could take an entire page of this paper to describe how these instruments are made and to give you testimonials from those who have bought them. The best way for you to learn about their merit, however, is to see them.

Do not fail, therefore, to take the first opportunity to call. You will find that it will pay you to see what we have to offer.

### Prices and Terms

If you buy, you need not pay the full price down. Make a small payment and settle the balance in monthly installments. The piano will be delivered at once so that you can have the use of it while you are paying for it.

You will find that our prices are remarkably low considering the worth of these instruments.

## CABLE PIANO COMPANY

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

WILLIAM KEULMAN,  
Local Distributor

T. P. DURKIN,  
Special Representative

# 57th Annual Lake County FAIR

Libertyville, September 6, 7, 8, 9

The Best Trotting and Running Speed Program ever arranged for a Lake County Event will be started Each Day of The Fair

### SPEED PROGRAM

Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1910		Friday, Sept. 9, 1910	
1. 2:15 Pace—Purse.....	\$400	9. 2:25 Trot—Purse.....	\$400
2. 3:35 Pace—Purse.....	400	10. Free-for-All Pace.....	500
3. 2:20 Trot—Purse.....	400	11. 2:20 Pace—Purse.....	400
4. 1 Mile Dash.....	100	12. 1 Mile Dash.....	150
Thursday, Sept. 8, 1910		Entries to running races close night before race	
5. 2:25 Pace—Closed.....	\$800	Entries to purses close August 31st	
6. 2:15 Trot—Purse.....	400	Records after August 23rd no bar.	
7. 2:35 Trot—Purse.....	400		
8. 1 Mile and Repeat Run.....	150		

The Stock Exhibit will excel that of past years and poultry fanciers are assured the best and biggest entry ever

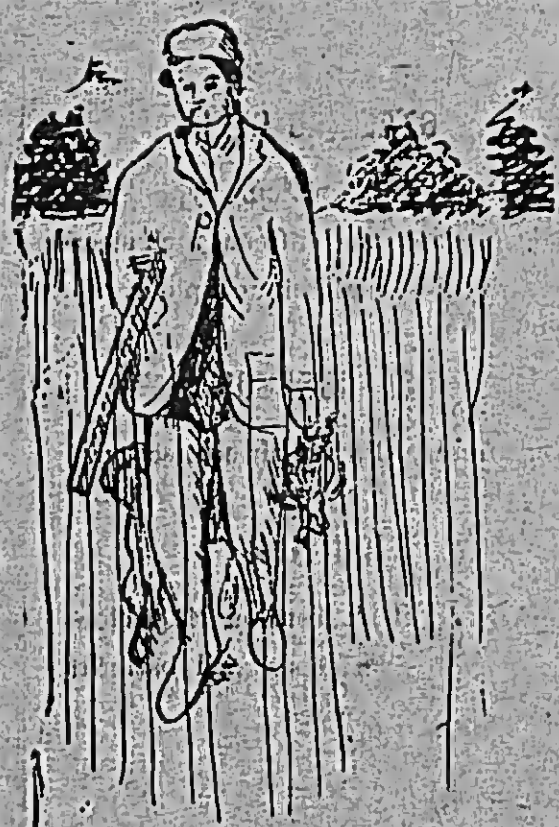
There are to be some Special Exhibits this year alone worth the gate fee; One by the North Shore Electric Company showing a score of uses of Electric Power and Appliances may be adopted on the farm

Baseball GAMES BETWEEN THE COUNTY'S BEST TEAMS FOR A LIBERAL PURSE, MORNING & AFTERNOON

IT'S THE SAME OLD FAIR BUT BIGGER AND BETTER IN EVERY WAY

The Management is negotiating for some special attractions and promises something unusual in this line

Plan to be there--IT'S THE COUNTY'S GREATEST ANNUAL REUNION



The Season is Here Now for Your Boots

You will need a pair of boots this year and a good pair. Our new shipment for this season is just here. The very kind you want is in our stock. Let us send prices or you come in.

Full size Gum Boot, hip length, reinforced at the top and back, for a pair..... **4.50**

The best canvas boot, extra heavy, the kind that is meant to wear and not leak for..... **7.00**

MANY OTHER PRICES MANY OTHER GRADES



WAUKEGAN

ILLINOIS

Highest prices paid for eggs at our Grocery Department. Bring them in.

G. R. LYON & SONS.



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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY  
A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

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THURSDAY, [SEPTEMBER 1, 1910]

The Hendee heirloom is commencing to look more like a lemon every day.

Price at any price is a high price, for the rest of us, if he lands the job of County Treasurer.

The Illinois Central steals from the people and now its employees steal from the Illinois Central. That seems an even break.

The price of coal is going up but that doesn't make any difference to the Waukegan politicians. They are in for a hot time anyway.

Both of the Waukegan dillies seem to be out for Engelhard. Rays of intelligence pierce even the smoke of our benighted county seat.

Those were nasty questions that Engelhard asked Foss, but George must expect this kind of a thing if he is going to go against a live man.

There is a man in the southern part of the state running for the legislature by the name of Von Gräfer. That fellow ought to win on his nerve if nothing else.

Teddy Roosevelt is going to make a speech at Freeport. We always thought Rockford was the biggest toad in the puddle over that way, but apparently we had another guess coming.

Ex-Senator Billie Mason is going to make speeches in Lake county for Mr. Engelhard. Billie may not be much on writing books but when it comes to making political speeches he is an asset that any candidate is lucky to have.

If the millionaires were all for Shurtleff he might look different to the rest of us, but the fact that they are all against him ought to make his nomination a sure thing because there are a whole lot of us who are not millionaires.

It wasn't Foss who got the Naval Training Station for Lake county after all. It was the late Graeme Stewart who did the business and Foss was merely around. That any lunkhead ever said Foss did it is the thing that makes us smile.

If you don't believe those Waukegan politicians love the honest farmer or the village man just let them talk to you a minute. But remember, hot air cools off quicker in Waukegan after an election than any other place south of Peary's North Pole.

Gentleman George refuses to acknowledge the challenge for a joint debate from Mr. Engelhard. Who could expect anything else. A man of the Foss ancestry meeting on the same platform one whose father or grandfather might be nothing more than a German immigrant—absurd.

We are to hear from Maine next. If Maine should go insurgent too we are almost prepared to have George Edmund Foss announce that his principle has overwhelmed him and he is ready to cast aside his dear good friend Uncle Joe. As a matter of fact, however, the word principle in this case should be spelled principal.

If you don't believe Hime Ferry is making people around in these parts like him, talk to your neighbors. He certainly strikes a good many voters over this way as being the man for the job. Ferry will make the kind of a county clerk that we are all looking for. There is no flourish about him, just a plain, straightforward every day man who is honest and square.

George Quentin is making an admirable canvass for the office of County Treasurer. That he deserves it there is no doubt and that he is going to get it almost seems a foregone conclusion. We have too much of this passing it back and forth with a division of the fees to make the condition satisfactory to the people at large. We want new blood and with George Quentin it will not only be new but be good blood.

The fact that Elmer Green doesn't wear kid gloves is going a long way with the people out in the county. The elite of Waukegan are shocked that a mere workingman has the temerity to run for sheriff, but this is a good deal like Shurtleff and the millionaires; the more he has of that kind of enemies the more the rest of us think of him. Because a man works with his hands

doesn't mean that he hasn't got brains or God pity the most of us.

Another thing we want to remember is that if Shurtleff goes back to the legislature that \$20,000,000 waterways steal will have mighty hard sledding. We wonder how the trust newspapers, that are opposing Shurtleff on the alleged ground that he is a friend of Lorimer's pet hobby the waterways grab. Come to think of it, it's plain enough. They, the trust newspapers, are more interested in butterine than Lorimer is in waterways, and there you have it.

A pretty safe hunch is to find out what the plutocrats want, then you want the other thing. If the said plutocrats happen to be in the business of making hog fat and beef suet into butterine then every man who owns a cow and wants to sell her milk ought not to wait until a house falls on him before he tumbles. In the case of the plutocrats club at Lake Forest which is fighting the nomination of Mr. Shurtleff, we think the man with the cow will not wait for the house to fall before he gets wise.

Armour the pork multi-millionaire denies before the board of review that he is a resident of Lake county where his big county estate is located. Not long since he denied before the Chicago board that he lived in Chicago where his winter mansion is to be found. What a contemptible exhibition this "respectable citizen" is making of himself to escape the payment of what would be only a few paltry dollars to him, to support the government that protects him in keeping the vast millions he has hoarded. He is a representative of the rest of them in that millionaires club at Lake Forest that have organized to defeat Edward D. Shurtleff for the state legislature.

## A Butt In

A meeting was held at the fashionable Union League Club in Chicago the other evening by a few of the inordinately rich to devise ways and means to beat Edward D. Shurtleff for the legislature up here in our district. What we would like to know is, what business is it of these Chicago plutocrats what we do up here? Are the Armours and the Swifts and the Hebrew Morrisses going to dictate to us because we want a man who doesn't like their hog fat butter? Well, we guess not. Let them be satisfied with running the fake

health department down there and we will know how to take care of our own without their butt in.

## A Stitch in Time

Governor Deneen is coming up into Lake county to make a speech against Shurtleff. We would mildly suggest that the Governor hurry up to Chicago and see that the books of his good old friend, the Illinois Central, are properly doctored before they are allowed to appear in court in any grab scandal. That they are going to appear is a cinch and further that the rottenness of this rotten railroad company is so profound that a favor to it causes an entry on its books. It does business only in dollars and cents and the fact that the Governor was its best friend when those tax cases involving millions, was dropped, makes us wish for the pride of the great state of Illinois that he stop and personally inspect those books and see that they are made right before he comes up here in Lake county and makes that speech against Edward D. Shurtleff.

## Talk Is Cheap

The state legislative election is to take place this fall that is going to involve the particular interests of Lake county more than any other that has happened for decades.

But this election which occurs in November is practically to be determined in the Republican primaries which are scheduled for September 13.

That the Republican nominees of September will be elected in November is a fore gone conclusion, therefore we say again the real result is at the primaries.

To brush all other quibbles aside the importance of the results of this contest lay wholly in one issue; that is will the dairy interests of this county be successfully protected against the onslaughts of the millionaire, butterine men and the fake health department of Chicago in the next session of the Illinois legislature.

The men selected at these primaries are the ones we have got to depend upon for protection in resisting the attacks of these powerful antagonists to the well being of the whole dairy interests of the country.

That there is no doubt that there is one candidate that stands pre-eminently qualified to defend us in this time of need, we are practically all agreed.

His name is Edward D. Shurtleff. Now the point made in the headline of this article that "talk is cheap" is this; you all get around and talk and say "oh yes, I am for Shurtleff, he is a

friend of ours," but that is as far as it goes with you.

When it comes time for the primaries to be held you suddenly think you are awfully busy. There is more to do on the farm that day than any other day, and you think to yourself "oh well, neighbor Smith and Jones are going down anyway and that will make good for this section."

And may be Smith and Jones are figuring it the same way you are. How do you know, and then there would be nobody from your section.

The whole story is this, don't bother

about talking, but go and vote at the primaries September 13.

It is better, many hundred times better that the cows are not even milked that day than that you take a chance, by your indifference, of allowing a tool of the butterine millionaires or of the fake Chicago health department of winning over Edward D. Shurtleff as a candidate for the Illinois State Legislature.

Adversity's Sting.  
Adversity borrows its sharpest sting from our impatience.—Blahup Horne.

A. E. TRUMAN

F. COLLINS

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TRUMAN &amp; COLLINS

Painting and Decorating

In All Its Branches

ESTIMATES GIVEN

R. F. D. No. 1

ANTIOCH, ILL.

## SPECIFICATIONS

## ENGINE

Four (4) cylinder—20 horse power—water cooled—3½ inch bore by 3½ inch stroke—offset crank shaft—fan bladed fly wheel in front—Parson's white bronze bearings and noiseless cam shaft.

## TRANSMISSION

Selective sliding gears in extension bolted to crank case—shifting without noise.

## CLUTCH

Multiple Disc type—self adjusting—inclosed in gear case—running in oil.

## FRONT AXLE

Drop forging. I beam section.

## REAR AXLE

Shaft drive with Hyatt roller and New Departure bearings—shaft and universal joint being enclosed and lubricated by oil from crank case through transmission.

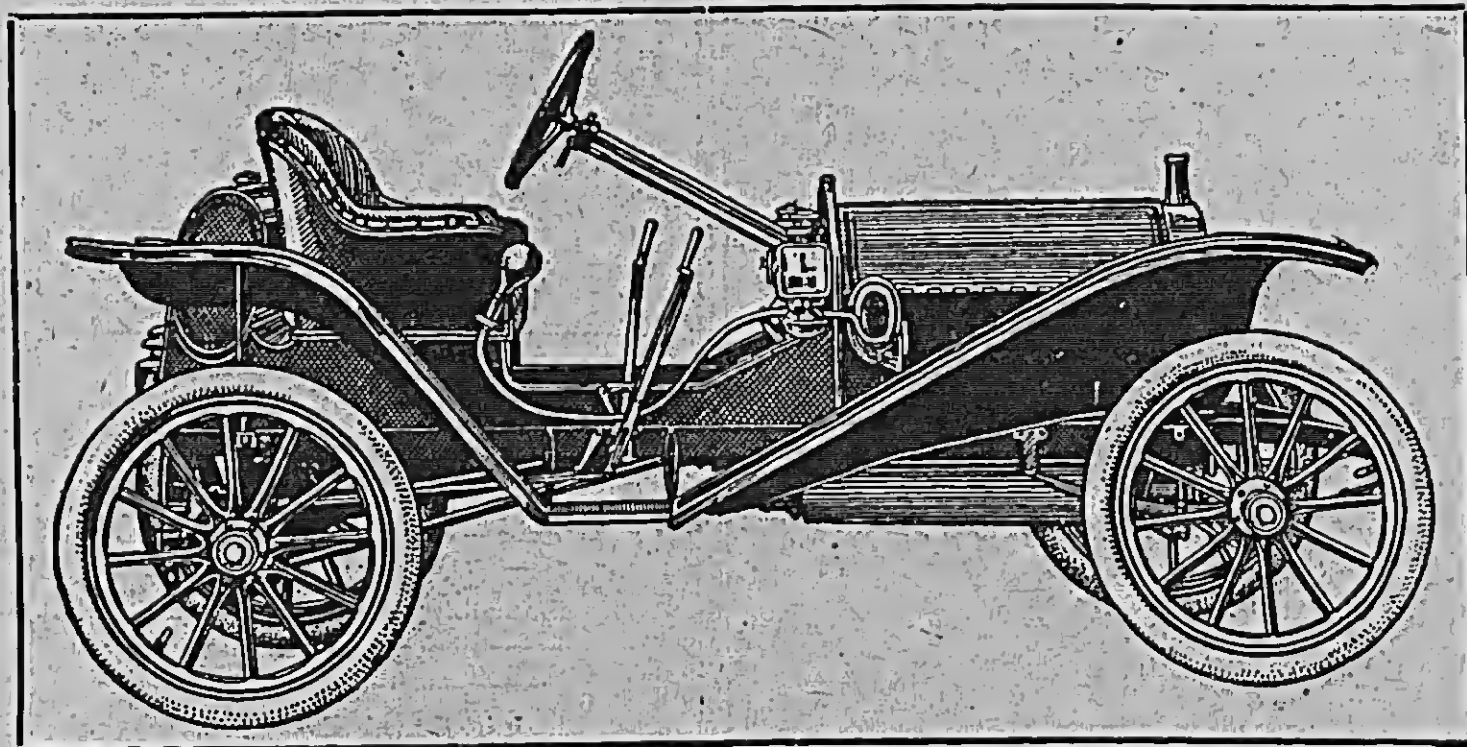
## BRAKES

Two (2) foot brakes on rear hubs, internal expanding—Two (2) emergency brakes on rear hubs, internal expanding.

## HOOD

Thirty inches long with three hinges.

Hupmobile



TIFFANY &amp; FELTER

AGENTS FOR LAKE COUNTY

Union Block

Antioch, Ill.

## SPECIFICATIONS

## RADIATOR

Mercedes type with verticle tubes and straight fins.

## STEERING BEER

Rack and pinion type with rakish slant, and fifteen inch steering wheel with aluminum spider.

## CARBURETOR

Breeze, with hot air connection.

## IGNITION

Bosch High Tension Magneto—doing away with spark coil batteries and connecting wires.

## TIRES

Thirty inches by three inches—G. & J. standard clincher.  
Wheel Base—Eighty-six inches.  
Tread—Standard.  
Frame—Pressed Steel.

## SPRINGS

Semi-elliptical in front and patented crossspring in back.

## REGULAR EQUIPMENT

Two side oil and tail lamps with dragon horn—also complete set tools, with repair kit and pump.

## WEIGHT

Eleven hundred pounds complete with regular equipment.



## Local News Items

Local Announcements and the  
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 22—Butter firm at 30c. Output for the week, 827,480 lbs.

Miss Addie Schaffer is spending this week in Chicago.

Millie Haynes visited with relatives in Chicago over Sunday.

Look at the speed program of the Lake County fair in this issue.

Miss Florence Brogan and Helen Naber were Waukegan visitors Monday.

Mrs. Frank Runyard and Mrs. Wm. Runyard spent Monday and Tuesday in Waukegan.

P. E. Chinn has purchased a sail boat with the intention of converting it into a gasoline launch.

Ben Emmons and Rebt. Miller went to Celfax, Saturday where they will engage in the photography business.—Chetek Alert.

Lost—In Woodman hall on night of dance, Friday, August 26, a lady's cream colored auto veil. Finder please return to this office.

There will be a grand masquerade carnival at the Cushing summer resort on Sunday September 4. The best of music and a good time is assured to all who attend.

The Rev. J. E. Lynch announces the following schedule for services for the summer months beginning July 1st. Services will be held at Lake Villa at 9:00 a. m., at Fox Lake, (Ingleside) at 10:30, and at Antioch at 10:30 a. m. each Sunday.

The remains of the late Roderick Ames are expected to arrive at his former home at Rosecrans, either Wednesday or Thursday of this week. A brother Phil Ames started from Wallace, Idaho, with the body Monday morning. As near as can be learned he escaped from the fires once but went back to protect his claim, perishing in the attempt. The remains had been interred in the west before the arrival of the brother who caused the body to be brought back to his old home for burial.

J. C. James was a Waukegan visitor Wednesday.

Miss Lelah Webb of Libertyville visited Antioch friends this week.

Geo. Wallis and Mr. Davies were transacting business in Waukegan Monday.

The McHenry County fair will be held at Woodstock, September 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Arthur Dibble and family on Monday moved into the G. D. Thayer house on Main street.

Mrs. Marshall Eastman is visiting relatives and friends in Chicago and Kalamazoo, Mich.

H. Feltham and Wm. Verrier were in Waukegan Monday getting their naturalization papers.

The Lake County fair this year will be better than ever. Remember the dates, September 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Dogs molested a flock of sheep belonging to Wm. Hanke on the night of August 24, and killed three of the number.

There will be dancing at the Cushing hotel every evening during the season with Van's celebrated Chicago orchestra in attendance.

The North Shore electric company will have an exhibit at the County fair next week showing every use to which electricity can be put on the farm. One of the most interesting of which will be a milking machine.

The creation of an army of 40,000 notaries public has been authorized by the postoffice department in accordance with legislation enacted during the past session of congress. All carries of the rural delivery mail service are now required to execute vouchers for United States pensioners residing on their routes, for which service they are to receive 25 cents for each voucher executed. The establishment of the rural free delivery service resulted in the discontinuance of 23,550 fourth post-offices, the postmasters of which had been authorized to execute pension voucher.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Naber spent Wednesday in Waukegan.

Shirley Olcott is the guest of relatives in Chicago this week.

Mrs. Mary Morley and grandson William were Waukegan visitor Tuesday.

Chas. Hines and family are this week moving into the Linnereau house north of town.

Winfield Held of Chicago visited his parents east of town the fore part of the week.

The party who left a package at the News office one day this week may have the same by calling and proving property.

Frank Huber of Waukegan is quite ill with typhoid fever and was placed in the McAllister hospital the fore part of the week.

An infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Rockey Silver of Kenosha was brought here for burial in the Hillside cemetery Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Ed. Little is moving into the upstairs rooms of her residence on Victoria street, and Mr. and Mrs. Luger moved into the lower rooms Wednesday.

Encouraged by the success of the bakery sale held last Saturday at C. A. Powles' meat market, the Epworth League will hold another sale this week Saturday, Sept. 3.

For Sale—Twelve lots in Loon Lake subdivision at Loon Lake, size 150x50. Prices range from \$75 to \$100. For particulars inquire of Nettie Park at the new store. 50w4

There will be a grand ball at the Wadsworth M. W. A. hall, Friday evening, September 9. The Haynes orchestra of four pieces will furnish the music. Tickets 75 cents per couple.

Sec Alden, Bldinger & Co. for any thing in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

Chas. Beuthling, Geo. Kuhaupt, Ray Hubbard and Al Kettlehut are each keeping "bachelor's hall" this week, their wives and families being away on vacations, and strange to say they all seem to be perfectly satisfied with the present state of affairs.

For Sale—A seven room house in the village of Antioch, lot 50x150, village water in house, good cellar, good barn price reasonable. Also 8 room dwelling, lot 66x170, house new, both hot and cold water, hot water heat, good barns, finest piece of property and most up-to-date in town. Inquire of J. C. James.

There will be a hippodrome and vaudeville combined given by home talent at Allendale farm at Lake Villa, Friday evening, Sept. 2. Overture 7:30. Grand entry 8:00. Military maneuvers, sham battles, rough riding contest, trick and fancy riding, etc., will make up the program. Adults 25c, children 15c. Proceeds for the benefit of Allendale School.

J. B. Converse of Fox Lake, carpenter at Lake Kegonsa, has been engaged to build the 300-foot dam at the Lake Kegonsa outlet to prevent sand from drifting into the Yahara river, thus making it so shallow that launch passage is seriously impeded in the fall. Converse and his force of seiners will begin the work at once. Popular subscription on the part of Stoughton and Lake Kegonsa launch owners will pay for the work.

## The Lash of a Flout

would have been about as welcome to A. Cooper of Oswego, N. Y., as a merciless lung-racking cough that defied all remedies for years. "It most troublesome at night," he writes, "nothing helped me until I used Dr. King's New Discovery which cured me completely. I never cough at night now." Millions know its matchless merit for stubborn colds, obstinate coughs, sore lungs, lagrippe, asthma, hemorrhage, croup, whooping cough, or hayfever. It relieves quickly and never fails to satisfy. A trial convinces. 50c. \$1.00. Trial bottle free. It's positively guaranteed by J. H. Swan.

Improvement Ever Possible. No one can be more profound than he really is. But everyone can learn and strive.—Schumann.

## Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE. It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

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Lake County Title and Trust Co.  
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.  
MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING,  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.  
LOUIS J. GEINKE, Secretary.

F M Eennigsen and wf to C A Mnrtn et al 3 Petite Park in sec 25 West Antioch twp w d 475 00

Anna R Keen and hus to C W Woodbury lot 5 Sylvan Woods in sec 1 West Antioch twp q d 1 00

Mary J E Neal to Wm Sage tract of land in nw1 sec 15 Warren twp q c 1 00

D W Pike and wf to Wm Sage tract of land in nw1 sec 15 Warren twp q c 1 00

Edw'd Girardin and wf to Wm Sage tract of land in secs 10 and 15 Warren twp ds 3 00

Peter Thomsen and wf to Margaret Jacobs 8 acres in nw1 sec 16 East Antioch twp w d 1 00

F D Dewoody and wf to J F McKinery tract of land in sec 32 Benton twp w d 1815 00

W H Brandstetter and wf to Mary L Druze s 7 feet w 132 feet lot 6 blk 5 Grayslake w d 175 00



J. C. James of Antioch, Lake Co. is a Candidate for representative, Democratic party, 8th. Dist. He is of the Jefferson & Bryan type, 47 years old, born and raised in Lake Co. Business—Undertaker and Real Estate past 20 years; member M W of A and belegat: of same to St. Paul Head Camp 1901, Past Master of Masenic and Past N. Grand I. O. O. F. lodges, Candidate on Democratic ticket, this Co. for Co. Judge 4 years ago.

He considers the paramount issues this year are: The Initiative and Referendum; election of U. S. Senators by direct vote of the people, putting state employees under civil service, better protection of the dairy and agriculture interests, limiting a candidates expenses in seeking office, and making him show for what purposes spent and by whom contributed, mere adequate primary law, removing the maximum liability of soul-less corporations and letting a jury of twelve men decide the issue, protection of Fraternal Life Insurance companies against Old Liners, deep water way only under Government supervision and a bond issue in this State only to the amount of benefits derived, arbitration of difficulties between employer and employee, employment of convict labor in public improvement, but never in conflict with free labor, curtailment of state expense, as the county is the unit, and has the expenses of criminals, care of the poor and insane. I believe that County Option is the most feasible plan for the control of the liquor question, as I believe in the good old American principle "No taxation without representation"; No more Jack-Pots or Lorimer deals, such as was pulled off at the last legislature, which was an everlasting disgrace to the state of Illinois and the Democratic party in particular.

Voter—Just remember this—The Legislature makes the laws, the county officers only execute them, therefore look well to the men you send to the legislature.



LOTUS CAMP No. 657 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome. S. LA PLANT, V. G. J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., hold regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. FRANK HUBER, W. M. NORRIS PROCTOR, Sec'y. The Eastern star meets Second and Fourth Thursdays of each month. EMMA SIMONS, W. M. OLIVE READING, Sec'y.

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Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

**REAL ESTATE**  
Both Farm and Lake Property

**Fire Insurance Agent for Several Good Companies**

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**J. C. JAMES, JR.**  
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Loan and Diamond Brokers

118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., Between Washington and Madison

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 r1

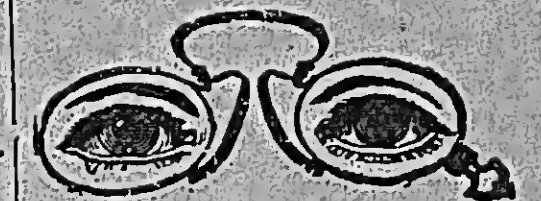
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Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts. Firm property for sale. Druggists and Life Insurance.

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EDWARD BROOK, BANKER.  
BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE. AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



**G. F. INGALLS & BRO.**  
Jewelers and Opticians,  
112 Genesee St, Waukegan, Ill

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UNDEERTAKER  
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STOVE  
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QUICK! SAYS  
OUTLASTS ALL OTHERS!  
SOLD EVERYWHERE!

**A-B POLISH CO.**  
4 Haddon Ave. Chicago

WE WILL GIVE YOU GOOD  
MONEY FOR YOUR  
OLD SHOES

35c for Women's 25c for Misses'  
15c for Children's

Bring in your old shoes, no matter how old, and we will allow the above prices for them and will allow the credit on any shoe that you buy in the store. So come in early and bring your old shoes with you. This offer is good from Sept. 3rd to Sept. 17th.

## Reggie Godfrey

25 steps from the high rent district, where we save you money

See my line of 1910 Wall Paper. Samples and get my prices before letting contract

NICK WEINDEL  
Painter and Paper Hanger

All Work done in First Class Manner

ANTIOCH, ILL.

## READ THIS

Women's vice kid lace shoes, medium sole and heel, good counters..... \$1.75  
Same in bluecher, trifle higher heel, medium sole..... \$2.00  
Extra fine vice kid bluecher, nice stylish dress shoe, with very light sole..... \$2.50  
Just the shoe for summer, cool and light and wear well.

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE  
GOOD SHOES

## WATER TANK PROBLEM SOLVED



The C. B. Hurst Company's Famous Water Tank on the International Stock Food Farm, Savage, Minn.  
DAN PATCH 1:55 (at the tank drinking)

**The C. B. Hurst Company**  
U. S. Yards Chicago, Ill.  
Concrete Water Tanks, Silos,  
Storage Tanks, Etc.

REPRESENTED BY

**THOMAS COOLE, Antioch, Illinois**

Blooded Stock for  
sale at prices and  
on terms to suit all

Inspection is invited of a quantity of pedigree breeding stock which is in excess of the requirements of Hawthorn Farm. The stock is registered and consists of Brown Swiss bull calves, Brown Swiss yearling bulls, Shorthorn yearling bulls and Berkshire and Duroc boars.

See our exhibit and obtain our prices at Lake County Fair.

## Hawthorn Farm

(ANDREW EFINGER, Supt.)

Libertyville, Illinois

Telephone Libertyville 2733

Post Office: R. F. D. No. 1, Prairie View, Ill.





## ROOSEVELT FOR FEDERAL CONTROL

Believes Government Should Generally Be Leader in Conservation.

### SAD EXPERIENCE IN EAST

Addressing Public Meeting in Denver, Ex-President Discusses Water Power, Coal Lands, Ranges and Forests—Powerful Plea for Conservation.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 29.—Colonel Roosevelt arrived in Denver from Cheyenne this morning, and after a parade in which representatives of the state and city, the Live Stock association and the Spanish War Veterans took part, was the guest of the Denver Press club at a cowboy luncheon at Overland park. In the afternoon he delivered a public address at the Auditorium and later spoke to the Spanish War Veterans, and then he was the guest of honor at a "round-up" dinner at Eljebel-Temple.

Talks on Conservation.  
Mr. Roosevelt's main address was on conservation, and was as follows:  
This country has shown definite signs of waking up to the absolute necessity of handling its natural resources with foresight and common sense. The conservation question has three sides. In the first place, the needless waste of the natural resources must be stopped. It is rapidly becoming a well-settled policy of this people that we of this generation hold the land in part for the next generation, and not exclusively for our own selfish enjoyment. Just as the farmer is a good citizen if he leaves his farm improved and not impaired for his children, and a bad citizen if he sells his land to his children, so the Nation behaves well if it treats the natural resources as assets which it must turn over to the next generation increased and not impaired in value, and behaves badly if it leaves the land poorer to those who come after us.

In the second place, the natural resources must be developed promptly, completely, and in orderly fashion. It is not conservation to leave the natural resources undeveloped. Development is an indispensable part of the conservation plan. The forests, the mines, the water powers, and the land itself, must all be put to use. Those who insist that conservation proposes to tie them up, depriving this generation of their benefits in order to hand them on untouched to the next, miss the whole point of the conservation idea. Conservation does not mean depriving the men of today of their natural rights in the natural resources of the land. All it means is that we of this generation shall so use our rights as not to deprive those who come after us of their natural rights in their turn. In the third place, so far as possible these resources must be kept for the whole people and not handed over for exploitation to single individuals. We do not intend to discourage individual enterprise by unduly diminishing the reward for that enterprise. On the contrary, we believe that the men of exceptional abilities should have exceptional rewards up to a point where the reward becomes disproportionate to the service, and to the point where the abilities are used to the detriment of the people as a whole. We are for the liberty of the individual up to and not beyond the point where it becomes inoperative to the benefit of the community. Thus our consistent aim is to favor the actual settler—the man who takes as much of the public domain as he himself can cultivate, and then makes a permanent home for his children who come after him; but we are against the man, no matter what his ability, who tries to monopolize large masses of public land.

State and Federal Control.  
Now, to preserve the general welfare, to see to it that the rights of the public are protected, and the liberty of the individual secured and encouraged as long as consistent with this welfare, and curbed when it becomes inconsistent therewith, it is necessary to invoke the aid of the government. There are points in which this governmental aid can best be rendered by the states, that is, where the exercise of state rights helps to secure popular rights; and as to these, I believe in state rights. But there are large classes of cases where only authority of the National government will secure the rights of the people; and where this is the case I am a fervent and a thorough-going believer in the rights of the National government. Big business, for instance, is no longer an affair of any one state; his business has become nationalized, and the only effective way of controlling and directing it, and preventing abuses in connection with it, is by having the people nationalize this control in order to prevent their being exploited by the individuals who have nationalized the business. All commerce on a scale sufficiently large to warrant any control over it by the government is nowadays interstate or foreign commerce, and until this fact is heartily acknowledged and acted upon by both courts and legislatures, both national and state alike, the interest of the people will suffer.

In the matter of conservation, I heartily approve of state action, where under our form of government the state, and the state only, has the power to act. I cordially join with those who desire to see the state, within its own sphere, take the most advanced position in regard to the whole matter of conservation. I have taken exactly this attitude in my own state of New York. Where the state alone had power to act, I have done all I could to get it to act in the conservation of the land, and where the National government has the power, I have done all I could to get National action in the same direction. Unfortunately, in the east we have in this matter paid the penalty of not having a forest land under National control; and the penalty has been severe. Most of the states—although they are old states—have not protected their forests, each falling to itself, because of the fact that the only common concern of all, and where action is the common concern of all, experience has shown that it can only be profitably undertaken by the National government.

As a result of the impossibility of getting such wise action by the several state governments in the east, we are doing our best to get National legislation under which the National government, at the expense of millions of dollars, shall undertake to do as regards the Appalachians and White Mountains of the east what it is now doing in the Rock Mountains here out west. It would be both a calamity and an absurdity for the National government now to do in the west the very thing that at a heavy pecuniary cost it is trying to undo in the east. By actual experience in the east we have found to our cost that the National government, and not the several states, can best guard the interests of the people in the matter of the forests

and the waters, and that if it fails to attempt this duty at the outset it will later on have to pay heavily in order to be allowed to take up the work, which because it is done so late, cannot be so well done as if it had been begun earlier.

Water Power.  
Take the question of the control of the water power sites. The enormous importance of water power sites to the future industrial development of the country has only been realized within a very few years. Unfortunately, the realization has come too late as regards many of the power sites; but many yet remain with which our hands are free to deal. We should make it our duty to see that hereafter the power sites are kept under the control of the general government, for the use of the people as a whole. The great should remain with the people as a whole, while the use is leased on terms which shall secure an ample reward to the lessee, which shall encourage the development and use of the water power, but which shall not create a monopoly, or permit the development to be antiseptic, to be in any respect hostile to the public good. The Nation alone has the power to do this effectively, and it is for this reason that you will find those corporations which wish to gain improper advantage and to be freed from efficient control on the part of the public, doing all that they can to secure the substitution of state for National action.

There is something fairly common in the appeal made by many of these men in favor of state control when you realize that the great corporations seeking the privilege of developing the water power in Rocky Mountain states are at least not owned outside that state as within it. In this country, nowadays, capital has a National and not a state use. The great corporations which are managed and largely owned in the older states, terms which are most in evidence in developing and using the mines and water powers and forests of the new territories and the new states, from Alaska to Arizona, I have been continually amazed during the past two months at having certain representatives to me on behalf of certain rich men from New York and Ohio, for instance, as to why Colorado and other Rocky Mountain states should manage their own water power sites. Now these men may be good citizens according to their lights, but naturally enough their special interest obscures their sense of the public need; and as their object is to escape an efficient control, exercised in the interest of all the people of the country, they clamor to be put under the state instead of under the Nation. If we are strong enough to grant their requests, we shall have ourselves to blame when we wake up to find that we have permitted another privilege to intrude itself and another portion of what should be kept for the public good to be turned over to the private interest of a few individuals. During the last session of congress bills were introduced to transfer the water power sites in the National Forests and the Public Domain to the states. I have been continually amazed at the strong belief that these measures are unwise, and that it would be disastrous to enact them into law. In substance their effect would be to free these great special interests from all effective control. The passage of such a bill would be a victory of the special interests over the general welfare, and a long backward step down the hill of progress we have of late been climbing.

Our people have for many years proceeded upon the assumption that the Nation should control the public land. It is to this assumption of National outlook that we owe our wisest land legislation, from the Homestead Law to the Irrigation Law. The wise use of our public domain has always been conditioned upon National action. The states can greatly help, but the Nation must take the lead, as regards the land, as regards the forests and waters; and perhaps peculiarly in the case of the waters, because almost all streams are really inter-state streams.

Coal Lands.  
The same principle applies with peculiar force to the coal lands, and especially to the coal lands in Alaska, where the location and ownership by the Federal government is so necessary, both for full and free industrial development in the future, and for the needs of the present. The coal mines should be owned by the Nation, and those who mine the coal should pay back a part of the profit to the people. It is the right and duty of the Nation to take the lead in this respect, and to make the most vigilant trustee on that part of that branch of the Federal government in charge of the fuel resources of the United States.

The Neutral Ground.  
Remember also that many of the men who protest loudly against effective National action would be the first to turn round and protest against state action if such action in its turn became effective, and would then unhesitatingly invoke the law to show that the state had no constitutional power to act. Long experience has shown that it is by no means impossible to get a net of constitutional doubt, to show a net of judicial decisions which render it difficult for the nation to act, and another set which render it impossible for the state to act. In each case the privileged beneficiaries of the decision invoke the aid of those who treat the Constitution, not as a healthy aid to growth, but as a fetter to prevent growth; and they avail the advocates of wise and cautious progress and opponents of the Constitution. As I have said before, I am a strong believer in a national action, where such action offers the best hope of securing and protecting the interest of the whole people as against the interest of a few. But I am emphatically against any state action, where state action will best serve this purpose; and I am no less emphatically in favor of cordial and hearty co-operation between the nation and the states where the line is the identical or overlap.

If there is one thing which is more unwise than another, it is the creation by legislative, by executive, or by judicial action of a neutral ground, where neither the state nor the nation has power, and which can serve as a place of refuge for the lawless man of great wealth, who can hire the best legal talent on the open market to keep his shuffling place equally distant from the short-cut frontiers of both state and national power.

The Open Range.  
I am here at the invitation of the Colorado Livestock association, and I desire to express my appreciation of their sterling stand for decency and progress in the handling of public lands and national forests. They have met and overcome the unrelenting opposition of some of the most influential stockmen of the state; they have won to express also my appreciation of the work of the American National Livestock association. It has been one of the really effective forces working toward effective conservation, while the state control has given it a large place in national affairs. As an old-time stockman I realize that the present order of things on the open range cannot continue, and that the sure way to protect the range itself, prevent the encroachment of big outfits, promote the equitable use of the grazing lands, and foster genuine homestead settlement, is to extend over the open range a system of range control somewhat similar to that now in effect on the national forests.

Whatever system of range control may be adopted in detail, there are two things it must not do. It must not

handicap or exclude the small men by requiring him to spend more money for fences than he can afford, and it must leave every acre of the range as settled by bona-fide homesteaders freely open to such settlement.

I do not believe that a single acre of our public lands should hereafter pass into private ownership, except for the single purpose of homestead settlement, and I know that the stockmen stand with me in their desire to remove every obstacle from the path of the genuine homesteaders, and to put every possible obstacle in the pathway of the man who tries to get public lands by misrepresentation or fraud, or by absolutely necessary on the agricultural lands. It is at least equally necessary on the mineral lands. It would be a calamity, whose baneful effect on the average citizen we can scarcely exaggerate, if the great stores of coal and other mineral fuels still owned by the people in Alaska and elsewhere should pass into the unregulated ownership of monopolistic corporations.

The Forest Service.  
You progressive stockmen have stood heartily by the conservation movement, and with you have stood many others throughout the West, to whom large credit is due, such as the lumbermen of Washington, the irrigators in California, and the sheep and cattle raisers of the country. I want to make my acknowledgments in particular to the Colorado Forestry association, which has supported the forest work of the government with such unselfish zeal. The forest service has enemies because it is effective. Some of the best work has been done by the forest service, and it is equally important to enforce the law in the work of the government with such unselfish zeal. The forest service has enemies because it is effective. Some of the best work has been done by the forest service, and it is equally important to enforce the law in the work of the government with such unselfish zeal. The forest service has enemies because it is effective. Some of the best work has been done by the forest service, and it is equally important to enforce the law in the work of the government with such unselfish zeal.

Much of the opposition to the forest service, like much of the opposition to conservation, takes the form of direct misrepresentation. For example, the cry is often heard that the national forest is a hindrance to agriculture, that it is a barrier to the reach of settlement. This statement seems plausible only till the facts are known. In the first place, congress has provided that whatever agricultural land is in a national forest shall be open, under proper safeguards, to homestead settlement. And in the second place, when the opponents of conservation are asked to point out the great agricultural lands which are being lost to the reach of settlement, they are silent. Instead of in speeches in a hall, they fail.

Reclamation Service.  
The National Irrigation Congress is to hold a session in the city of Pueblo late in September. I am keenly sorry that I could not have accepted the invitation to be present. I must, however, be in the East at that time. But since I cannot be present, I must express my keen, long-held, and deep-felt interest in the reclamation of arid lands by the federal government. I desire to do so now. There is no more effective instrument for the making of homes than the United States Reclamation Service, and no government bureau while I was President had reached a higher standard of efficiency, integrity, and devotion to the public welfare.

Like the Forest Service, the Reclamation Service has clashed with certain private interests, and has had to pay the penalty of its service to the public in the form of bitter charges from those with whom it has interfered. The cry has been raised against it that the government must not do for its citizens at a loss cost what private interests are ready to make them do for themselves at a profit. I believe fully in higher prices, and I believe fully in the development of irrigation projects which the government cannot undertake. There is a large and legitimate field for such work, and the essential thing is to make homes on the land, and to enable the people to profit from the necessities of the man who makes those homes. There is no more warrant for objecting to the reclamation of arid lands by the government than there would be to object to the government for patenting agricultural machinery, or for the actual settler, instead of through a middleman, who could make a profit from the transaction. The men who assert themselves as the cost of the community instead of the cost of the man, we have always had with us, and doubtless we always shall. But there is no reason why we should yield to them, and the Reclamation Service has not done so, and that is the chief reason for the attacks upon it.

I don't think that there is one among you who is a better and more thorough-going westerner than I am. There has been a great deal of talk about the conservation policies as well as the conservation policies, and I mention this in particular, because the conservation policies have been of the greatest value to the Nation. It has not always been an easy thing for them to stand for the real ultimate good of the people, and the conservation policy has been of the greatest value to the Nation. It has not always been an easy thing for them to stand for the real ultimate good of the people, and the conservation policy has been of the greatest value to the Nation. It has not always been an easy thing for them to stand for the real ultimate good of the people, and the conservation policy has been of the greatest value to the Nation.

Frequent Changes of Name.

The political rechristening of streets in Paris is outdone by the case of the island of Reunion, which changed its name four times in just over half a century. In 1793 it was Bourbon, as it had been for a century and a half, but the convention then changed it to Reunion. Under the empire it became Ile Bonaparte, at the restoration it reverted to Bourbon, and finally, in 1848, it became Reunion once more. So the septuagenarian islanders of this last year could recall an unparalleled series of compulsory changes. They must have thought themselves lucky a few years later when the second empire refrained from Bonapartizing this island again.

## THE BLIND SENATOR

Marvelous Career of Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma.

How He Won His Fight Against Poverty and Adversity, and Achieved His Early Ambitions in Spite of Obstacles.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—No man in public life today has had a more remarkable career than Senator Thomas Pryor Gore of Oklahoma, whose charges of attempted bribery in connection with the sale of Indian lands stirred the country and brought about investigation by a congressional committee. Marvelous almost beyond belief were the struggles of this blind man—blind from early youth—to reach the great goal of his ambition—a seat in the senate of the United States.

Senator Gore was born on a farm in Mississippi in 1870, later being taken to the village of Waltham, when the latter was created. At the age of eight one of his eyes was jabbed out by a playmate. But he still had one good eye left and his grief was forgotten when some friends told him one day that he had been appointed a page in the Mississippi legislature. This career was, however, ended three years after the first accident by a fatal stroke of any kind in the land. While experimenting with a toy cross-bow, he himself shot out his remaining eye.

He was now totally blind, and had to give up his pageship. For the next five years his chief diversion was to hear his sister and mother read to him. Then a normal school was opened at his home town, and he entered, his lessons being read to him at home and by his schoolmates.

A debating society was organized in this school and the blind boy joined and displayed a wonderful aptitude for debate. One day a companion found an old volume of the Congressional Record. Going to an old stable the companion would read to him the speeches of the lawmakers at Washington and then there entered Gore's



Senator Thomas P. Gore.

breast the ambition to be a United States senator—an ambition that never left it, even in the darkest days that followed.

In 1891 his fame as a speaker had spread locally and he received many invitations to address farmers' picnics. The last day of 1895 he left Mississippi for Texas under a solemn vow never to return to it unless as a United States senator.

That year in Texas was a hard one. Gore threw himself into politics with passionate energy. Again and again the family was reduced to the verge of physical suffering. Yet year after year they kept up the fight for existence without complaint. Nor did the blind lawyer once despair of reaching the senate, writes James Croelman in Pearson's Magazine.

When Mr. Bryan was nominated at Kansas City in 1900 Gore found his way to the crowd that surrounded the convention. He managed to live in Kansas City for six days at a total cost of \$3.50. No one who heard his voice ringing out over that scene of national enthusiasm was permitted to know, or even suspect, his poverty. Then he obtained an engagement in South Dakota to speak during the state and presidential campaigns. In this way he picked up \$1,000 and with it went back to Texas and married.

The Gore's—including his father and brother—decided upon going to Oklahoma. In April, 1902, Gore managed to go as a delegate to the territorial convention that was to choose a delegate to congress from Oklahoma, and was given a seat in the territorial senate. That summer the blind man had another terrible struggle to keep alive. One day in June he had only eight cents left. He held a war council with his wife to consider what they should do with the eight cents. It was decided that the money should be spent on postage in an effort to secure speaking engagements. The political fight had to be kept up at any cost.

The fight for a seat in the United States senate was now pressed systematically. Gore spent the year 1903 in widening his acquaintance, attending picnics, barbecues and county fairs, returning for nothing from \$5 to \$25, shaking hands with the crowds and smiling his way into their hearts. His friends wanted him to abandon his ambition for a time and run for congress. "It is the senate or nothing," he replied.

Gore won his fight in the primary election and was elected to the United States senate by the legislature, drawing the short term. In 1908 he was re-elected.

## COL. ROOSEVELT IN THE WEST

MAKES TWELVE SHORT TALKS ON FIRST DAY'S RUN.

Ex-President Hands Out Words of Advice to His Hearers on Various Subjects.

Chicago.—After a long and strenuous trip from Utica, Col. Theodore Roosevelt reached Chicago Thursday night, and after remaining in the city for two hours, he left on his special train for Cheyenne, Wyo.

The colonel was on the road from one o'clock in the morning without interruption excepting for a brief respite from the train at Buffalo, where he had breakfast with the Elftoft club and again at Cleveland and Toledo, where he ventured out into the clamoring crowds.

The ex-president handed out words of advice to his hearers at the two stops where he made speeches. He talked about the pollution of the great lakes, declared in firm tones that it must be stopped, that the national government, acting in co-operation with the Canadian government and the state executives ought to start at once to stop the contamination of the lakes.

He came out upon his old stand for the severe punishment of the rich crooks, as he characterized them, but remarked with emphasis that he was just as much against the poor crooks and that they should be punished too. He wanted a square deal for all. "Only there is perhaps less excuse for the rich crook," was the colonel's qualification as he spoke to the crowds. Mr. Roosevelt assured his audiences that he would help all he could in bringing about what he called "clenching" of the corporations and the crooked man, saying:

"I will make the corporations come to time as I will make the mob. I insist on justice for all, rich or poor."

### BIG CUT IN EXPRESS RATES

Illinois Railroad Commission Demands That Charges Be Reduced and Made Uniform.

Springfield, Ill.—Sweeping reductions in express rates within the state of Illinois were made here Saturday by the Illinois railroad and warehouse commission. Existing tariffs were slashed in two in many instances and on small packages the reduction is in excess of 50 per cent.

The promulgation of "express tariff No. 1" by the commission brings the fight of the state against the express companies to a crisis. The reduction is made effective October 15, and the companies are preparing for a final fight. They dispute the authority of the commission to regulate their business within the state and assert that either they will ignore the new tariff schedule or go into court and get an injunction restraining the commission from carrying its order into effect.

In a lengthy statement which the commission hands down with its tariff schedule the business methods of the express companies are severely arraigned. The existing rates are declared to be unreasonable and exorbitant as well as discriminatory in character, as it has been shown that the same companies charge different rates for the same service on different railroads.

Unlike the reductions which have been made in some states of a flat rate of 10 or 20 per cent, the Illinois commission has prepared a complete graduated tariff schedule, based on the weight of packages and on the distance they are carried within the state. The heavier reductions are made on small packages weighing less than 100 pounds, which constitute the bulk of the express business and in which the greater number of shippers are directly interested.

### CONVICTS AT OLEO INQUIRY

Moonslayers Are Brought From Prison to Tell of Alleged Gigantic Conspiracy.

Chicago.—Investigation of charges of conspiracy to defraud the government made against manufacturers of butterino may begin before next Monday. William Broadwell and Samuel Driesbach, convicted oleo moonslayers who are now serving terms in federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and three other prisoners who were convicted in Milwaukee, Wis., for the same offense, were secretly brought to Chicago Wednesday in charge of a federal official. Their arrival at this time was unexpected.

New leads of investigation will, in all probability, be pursued by the industrial body in the examination of these witnesses, as the government is already in possession of signed confessions from Broadwell and Driesbach, telling, supposedly in full, their information concerning the existence of a conspiracy between his oleomargarine manufacturers and moonslayers to defraud the government.

### Pind Editor Dead in Chair.

Washington.—When a contributor walked into the office of the Washington Journal, a German weekly published here, Saturday, he found the editor, Emmannuel Waldecker, dead in his chair.

U. S. Women at Danish Meeting. Copenhagen.—Ten American delegates are attending the congress of women Socialists here. Mrs. Clara Twining of Colorado opened the discussion of woman suffrage Saturday.

**MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE**  
Has cured thousands and it can cure you.  
Relieves from the first.  
All Druggists 25c.

## The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**.  
Purely vegetable—entirely safe and gentle on the liver. Cures Bilelessness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.

**W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES**  
HANDMADE PROGRESS  
MEN'S \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00  
WOMEN'S \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00  
BOYS' \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00  
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS  
They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are certainly the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas names and retail price are stamped on the bottom—plus guaranteed. *For Color-Style and Price* TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If you desire cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

**TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY**  
For Red, Weak, Watery, Itchy Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS.  
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain  
Dressings Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00  
Murine Eye Salve, in Asseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00  
EYE DROPS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL  
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

A Wise Old Owl.  
In her trim little hatching suit she sat on the white sand.  
"I adore intelligence," she cried.  
"So do I," said he. "All the same, though, beauty and intellect never go together."  
"And do you think me intellectual?" she faltered.  
"No," he confessed, frankly.  
With a faint blush she murmured, "Flatterer!"

Lemons Cure Malaria.  
Lemons are said to be an infallible cure for malaria. This is the method of preparation: Take one lemon, wash thoroughly with a brush and hot water till all germs are gone, cut in very small pieces, using skin, seeds and all; cook in three glasses of water till reduced to one, and take this while fasting. A cure is generally effected within a week.

A Diplomat.  
"And how old should you say I am?" giggled the golden-haired spinster, with a coy glance at Bjones.  
"Ah, Miss Smiley?" replied Bjones, with a low bow. "I do not think you are old at all. Ask rather how young do I take you to be?"  
And she was so pleased she forgot to—Harper's Weekly.

Located.  
Old Gentleman (to waiter)—Can you tell me if my wife is here?  
Waiter—Yes, sir, right hats to the left—Filogendo Blatter.

### LACK OF MONEY Was a Goodend in This Case.

It is not always that a lack of money is a benefit.  
A lady of Green Forest, Ark., owes her health to the fact that she could not pay in advance the too demanded by a specialist to treat her for stomach trouble. In telling of her case she says:

"I had been treated by four different physicians during 10 years of stomach trouble. Lately I called on another who told me he could not cure me; that I had neuritis of the stomach. Then I went to a specialist who told me I had catarrh of the stomach and said he could cure me in four months but would have to have his money down. I could not raise the necessary sum and in my extremity I was led to quit coffee and try Postum. "So I stopped coffee and gave Postum a thorough trial and the results have been magical. I now sleep well at night, something I had not done for a long time; the pain in my stomach is gone and I am a different woman."

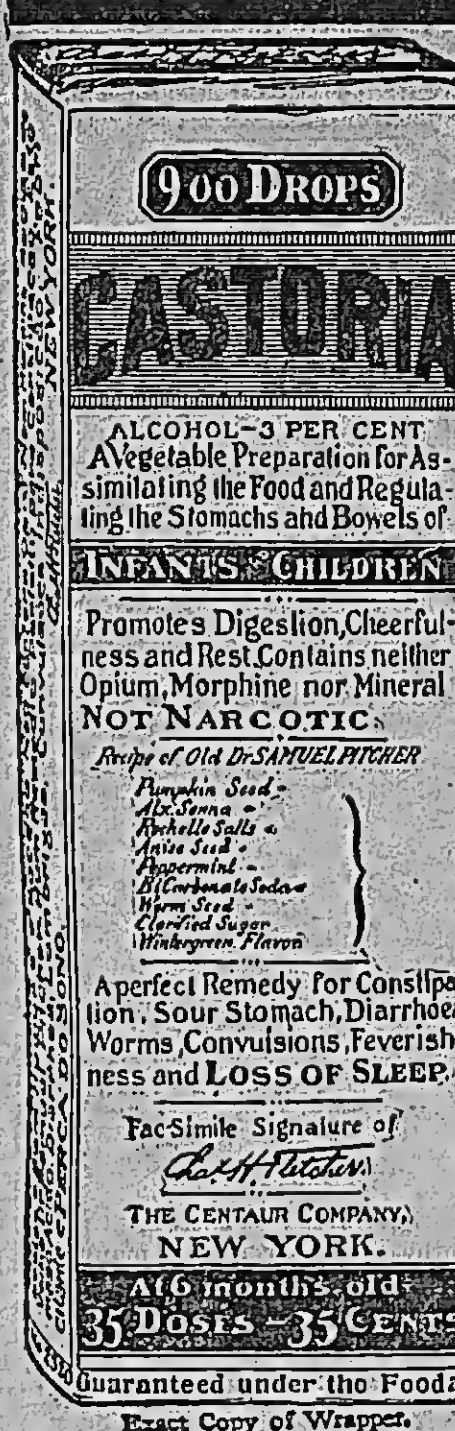
"I dreaded to quit coffee, because every time I had tried to stop it I suffered from severe headaches, so I continued to drink it although I had reason to believe it was injurious to me, and was the cause of my stomach trouble and extreme nervousness. But when I had Postum to shift to it was different."

"To my surprise I did not miss coffee when I began to drink Postum. Coffee had been mostly and surely killing me and I didn't fully realize what was doing it until I quit and changed to Postum."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



# CASTORIA



For Infants and Children.

**The Kind You Have  
Always Bought**

Bears the  
Signature  
of

*Dr. H. H. Plummer.*

**In  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years**

**CASTORIA**

THE SUGAR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

# WESTERN CANADA'S 1910 CROPS

Wheat Yield in Many Districts Will  
Be From 25 to 35 Bushels Per Acre

Land sales and homestead entries increasing. No cessation in numbers going from United States. "Wonderful opportunities remain for those who intend making land their home." New districts being opened up for homestead. Many farmers will net, this year, \$10 to \$15 per acre from their wheat crop. All the advantage of old settled countries no there. Good schools, churches, splendid markets, excellent railway facilities. "See the grain exhibit at the different State and some of the County fairs."

Letters similar to the following are received every day, testifying to satisfactory conditions; other districts are no less favorably spoken of:

THEY SENT FOR THEIR SON.  
Maldstone, Sask., Canada, Aug. 5th, 1910.

Mrs. Richard Henry Ebinger.



and my brother-in-law, Axel Nordstrom in Camrose, wants me to come there. He formerly lived in Wilton, North Dakota. I am going to buy or take

"Springin' good snaps with us stock and everything,"  
Naw, I have got two boys back in low ya; and I  
am going back there now soon to get them and n-  
n- homestead on it. If that I would like to  
homestead when I get there, but I do not want to  
travel wotimes there, for I take my brother-in-law's  
word about the country, and went to get your law  
man."

Yours truly,  
J. M. Smith

author can't do here this fall. What I would like to know is, if there is any chance to get a cheap rate back again, and when we return to Canada I will call at your office for our certificates."

Yours truly, H. A. Wik  
Voata, Minn., July 24th, 1910  
"I went to Canada nine years ago and took up  
residence in the town of Voata, Minn., and have since  
been engaged in the lumbering business."

Drelnord, Milan, Aug. 1st, 1910.  
"I am going to Canada a week from today and  
will be home there. My husband has

know at once if I can get the cheap rates to Ponoka, Alberta."

Send for literature and ask the local Canadian Government Agents for Excursion Rates.

**C. I. BROUGHTON**, 412 Merchants Loan & Trust Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

**W. H. ROGERS, 3d Floor, Traciton Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.**

**GEO. A. HALL, 180 Third Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin**

**E**

THE famous



**RAVO**

May


Lamp

27- Once a Rayo user, always on.

**The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price.**  
There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any

price. - Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the HAYO Lamp as a light-

STEADY  
WHITE  
LIGHT



giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for  
descriptive circular to the nearest agency or the

**STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Incorporated)**

**REAL ESTATE**

**WELL IMPROVED FARM** of 530 acres on

## University of

## Notre Dame

**NOTRE DAME, IND.**  
We guarantee two points: Our students

**FOR SALE**—23 acre farm, Linn County, Iowa. I need money in other business, must sell. \$35 per acre tested for \$1,000, \$12,000 remain. T. E. Rayson.

**Allen's Ulcerine Salve** cures Ulcerated Ulcers, Ulcers, Ulcers, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Tolerant Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Sore, All the Lungs, Fever Sore, All the Sore, Salve, Dymalite, J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A. S. Paul, Minn.


Never falls to hairless Gray  
Hair to its youthful Color.  
Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.  
Etc. and \$1.00 at Druggists

**PATENTED** Watson H. Coleman, Wash.

# DELESS DYES

**Allen's Ulcerine Salve** cures Ulcerated Ulcers, Ulcers, Ulcers, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Tolerant Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Sore, All the Lungs, Fever Sore, All the Sore, Salve, Dymalite, J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A. S. Paul, Minn.

**PATENTS** legation, U. S. Books free. High  
est references. Best results  
**W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 36-1910.**





## RURAL NEWS ITEMS

## MILLBURN

Mrs. Josephine Mathews returned from Pontiac Tuesday.

Victor Strang left Monday for St. Elmo, Ill., to teach school.

Prof. Jack has been asked to teach the Grubb school this term.

The Hockaday school will open Sept. 12 with Miss Eddy as teacher.

Earl White of Urbana, is spending a short time with the home folks.

The Millburn Sunday School will hold a picnic Tuesday at Druce's Lake.

I. L. Holmes has moved his stock to his farm east of Wadsworth for a short time.

Miss Helen Clark of Urbana, Ill., is visiting the Misses Bertha and Margaret White.

Miss Maggie Watson of Hinsdale, is spending a two weeks' vacation with the home folks.

Mrs. Mary Mavor of Chicago, came Saturday to spend Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Robert Strang.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Denman and son of Highland Park, spent Sunday with his brother, C. E. Denman.

Misses Cora and Nellie Hook of Grange Hall vicinity, visited several days with their cousin, Ethel McGuire.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Schanek and son Richard, of Libertyville, called on their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. R. Pantall, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Humphries and Mr. and Mrs. T. White of California, spent several days with the Bains and Cremins.

The daughters of Frank Bain, Doris, Ardell and Edna of Waukegan, visited their uncle, A. K. Bain, several days last week.

Dr. Jamieson's brother of Cherry Valley, Ill., visited a few days with him recently. The doctor's mother also came Wednesday to spend the winter.

Wm. Gallagher, son of John Gallagher, who was shot by Matt Meyer, died at the Jane McAllister hospital Monday morning. Funeral Wednesday, burial in Mill Creek cemetery.

## HICKORY

School commences on Monday, Sept. 19th.

Miss Cora Edwards spent last week in Chicago.

Mrs. B. O. King and family visited at Wilson King's the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Hollenbeck spent Sunday with Mrs. H. Hollenbeck.

Mrs. E. Mann of Hebron, spent a few days with Mrs. A. Savage this week.

The Ladies' Aid society meets with Mrs. John Sleum Wednesday, Sept. 7. All are invited.

Not Born for Oppression.  
To resist is implanted in the nature of man.—Tacitus.

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## RUSSELL

The Sizer families spent Friday at Lake Bluff.

Miss Flag Dixon expects to teach at Lake Forest the coming year.

Mr. Vaness and Miss Verna Young are visiting friends in our village.

Miss Minnie Reeves entertained a party of young friends on Friday evening.

Miss Ada Newell returned on Saturday after a week's outing at Powers Lake.

Claud Nellis returned to his duties on Monday having been sick the past week.

Mr. Hugh Carney of Libertyville spent Saturday and Sunday with L. C. Nellis.

Mr. Crowford our pastor has had to give up his position on account of bad health expecting to go to Colorado in a short time.

The many friends of Roderick Ames were greatly surprised to hear of his death and extend their greatest sympathy to his parents and many relatives. The remains will be brought home for burial.

## BRISTOL

Miss Grace Lavey spent a few days at Lake Geneva this week.

Miss Jorden of Kenosha is visiting her cousin Ida Stevens this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Barley of Somers Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Pike.

Mrs. Ward Rowbottom of Chicago is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bishop.

Mrs. Lane of Kenosha came out to attend the funeral of her nephew last Thursday.

Another wedding next week. They are coming fast. Who's next? Keep the bells ringing.

They say Chas. Gunter and Willard Gaines and wives are the only one that visited Grass Lake this summer. They really had a good time. How about it boys.

More new side walks going down every day. Chas. Gunter has just completed a fine new cement walk in front of the meat market and hardware store. May the rest of the business people do like wise.

Ed. Steffen and Miss Anna Hartnick were united in marriage at the home of her parents last Wednesday by Rev. Wagner, just the relatives and most intimate friends bring presents.

Little Eugene Hollister was born Aug. 26, 1910, departed this life Aug. 29, 1910, age 2 yrs and three days. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock service being held at house. He leaves to mourn father, mother four brothers and one sister, one brother having preceded him to the spirit world.

Sleep on dear babe  
And take thy rest,  
God called thee home  
He thought it best.

It Saved His Leg.

"All thought I'd lose my leg," writes J. A. Swensen, of Watertown, Wis. "Ten years of eczema that 15 doctors could not cure, had at last laid me up. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured it, sound and well." Infalible for skin eruptions, eczema, salt rheum, boils, fever sores, burns, scalds, cuts and piles. 25c at J. H. Swan's.

The First Necessity.  
Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless.—Paley.

## Don't Break Down

Severe strains on the vital organs, like strains on machinery, cause break-downs. You can't over-tax stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels or nerves without serious danger to yourself. In you are weak or run-down, or under strain of any kind, take Electric Bitters the matchless, tonic medicine. Mrs. J. E. Van de Sande, of Kirkland, Ill., writes: "That I did not break down, while enduring a most severe strain, for three months, is due wholly to Electric Bitters." Use them and enjoy health and strength. Satisfaction positively guaranteed. 50c. at J. H. Swan's.



GEORGE N. POWELL  
CANDIDATE FOR REPUBLICAN  
NOMINATION  
FOR  
SHERIFF  
OF LAKE COUNTY

Primaries Thursday, Sept. 15, 1910  
Polls open from 6 a. m. to 5 p. m.

ONE GOOD TERM DESERVES ANOTHER



Vote for Representative  
A. K. Stearns  
Republican Candidate for Re-Election  
Primaries Sept. 15, 1910



Carl P. Westerfield  
CANDIDATE FOR  
County Treasurer

Your support will be appreciated

Your vote and support will be appreciated



George F. Lynch  
Candidate for Democratic  
nomination for  
Representative  
Eighth Senatorial District

Primaries Thursday, September 15, 1910

## THOMAS F. BURNS

Candidate for Minority Representative  
in the General Assembly

## HIS PLATFORM

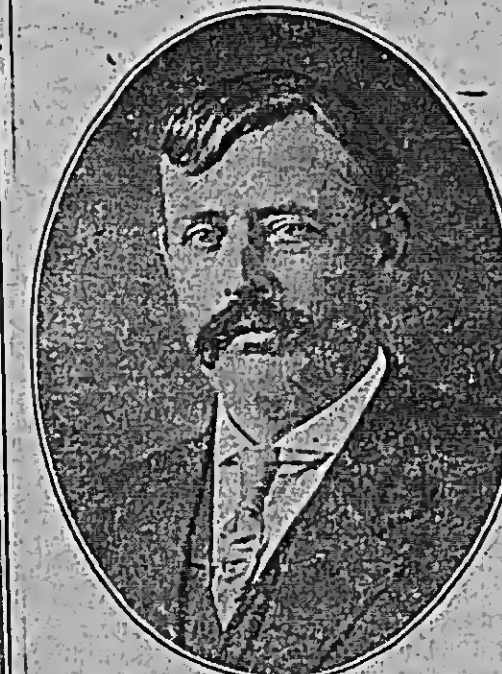
"I favor the economical expenditure of public monies and the immediate abolition of old time extravagant methods. I favor laws that will be beneficial for the farmers, dairymen and stock-raisers of this great commonwealth, the municipal control of gas, electric and water systems, the establishment of good roads and an economical system of expenditure for their permanent maintenance, convict labor to be used as far as possible. I favor the passage of laws that protect the members of fraternal insurance organizations, against the encroachments of powerful old line insurance companies. In an opposed to any deep waterway legislation by this state until such time as the Federal Government assures its financial support of the project. I am for the rigid enforcement of laws governing the practice of medicine and surgery, and the enactment of such laws as will protect the people against unscrupulous practitioners. I believe there should be just and equitable measures of protection to employer and employee, the conservation of all our national resources, the encouragement, support and advancement of all our public, educational and charitable institutions, in order that they may be placed on the highest plane of efficiency."

Your Vote and Support will be Appreciated



ELMER J. GREEN  
CANDIDATE FOR REPUBLICAN  
NOMINATION  
FOR  
SHERIFF  
OF LAKE COUNTY

Primaries Thursday, Sept. 15, 1910  
Polls open from 6 a. m. to 5 p. m.



H. W. FERRY  
Supervisor from Benton  
CANDIDATE  
FOR

County Clerk  
OF LAKE COUNTY

Primaries Thursday, Sept. 15, 1910



LEW. A. HENDEE  
CANDIDATE FOR  
County Clerk  
OF LAKE COUNTY

Subject to the Decision of the Republican  
Primaries to be held

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1910

## A Man of Iron Nerve.

Indomitable will and tremendous energy are never found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills, the matchless regulators, for keen brain and strong body. 25c at J. H. Swan's.



Miles T. Lamey  
Candidate for  
County Clerk  
of Lake County

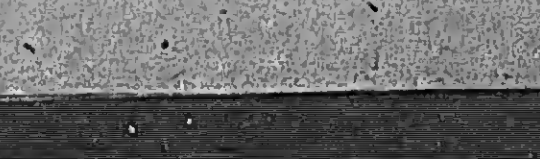
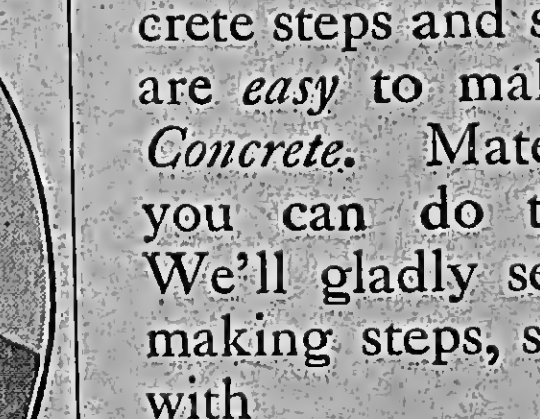
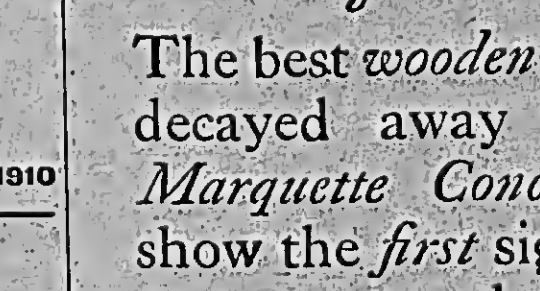
Subject to the Republican Primaries to be held September 15, 1910.



Christian T. Heydecker  
OF WAUKEGAN, LAKE CO., ILL.  
Republican Candidate for Representative  
8th District

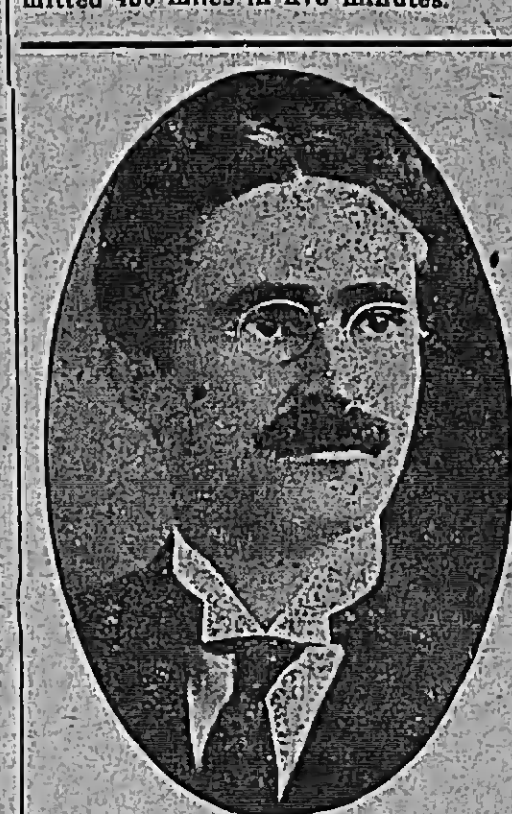
Your support and vote will be appreciated

PRIMARY ELECTION Sept. 15, 1910



French Scientific Discovery.  
The wave forms of electric currents have been made visible by a French scientist by means of an adaptation of a mirror galvanometer.

High Speed Telegraphy.  
In a recent test of a new German high speed telegraph apparatus 2,800 distinctly recorded words were transmitted 430 miles in five minutes.



JOHN HODGE  
Candidate for  
The Republican Nomination  
for  
County Supt. of Schools  
Of Lake County

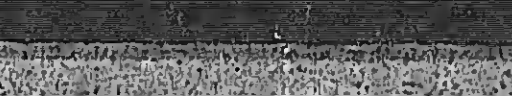
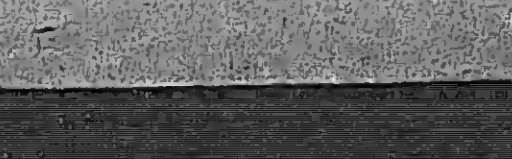
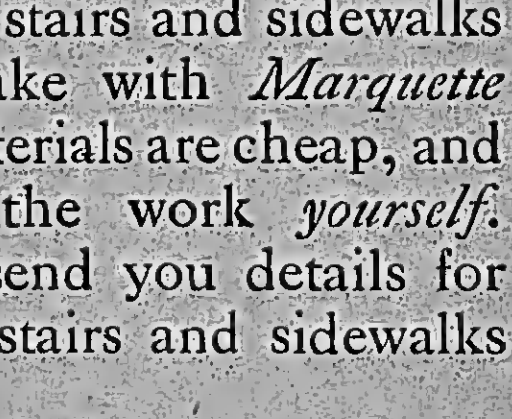
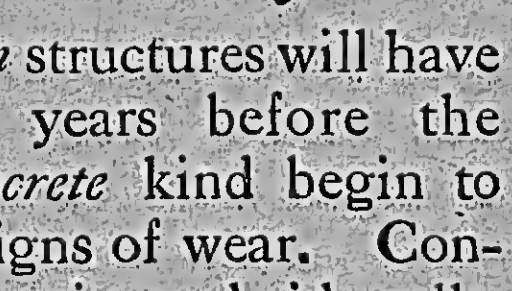
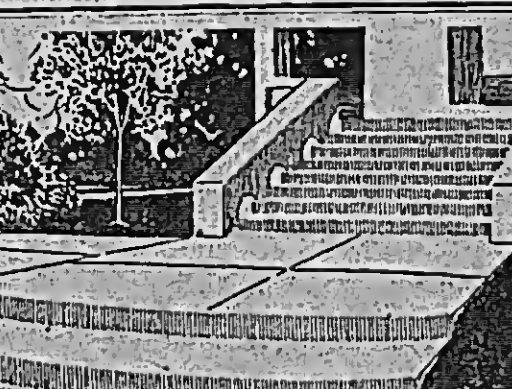
Primaries Thursday, September 15, 1910



GEORGE QUENTIN  
Candidate for Republican nomination  
for  
County Treasurer  
Of Lake County

Primaries Thursday, September 15, 1910

Primaries Thursday, September 15, 1910



## North Shore Electric Co.

WILL MAKE AN EXHIBIT OF

## ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

IN GREAT VARIETY AT THE

## Libertyville, Illinois Fair

Beginning September 6

EXAMINATION OF THE DISPLAY IS INVITED

It will prove of interest to all present or intending consumers of electric current

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